

Material Safety Data Sheet



1,1-Difluoroethane (Halocarbon 152A)

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product Name : 1,1-Difluoroethane (Halocarbon 152A)
Supplier : AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries
259 North Radnor-Chester Road
Suite 100
Radnor, PA 19087-5283
1-610-687-5253
Product use : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
MSDS# : 001090
Date of Preparation/Revision : **6/16/2005.**
In case of emergency : 1-800-949-7937

Section 2. Composition, Information on Ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>% Volume</u>	<u>Exposure limits</u>
1,1-Difluoroethane (Halocarbon 152A)	75-37-6	100	AIHA WEEL (United States, 1/2004). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms

Section 3. Hazards identification

Physical state : Gas. (COLORLESS)
Emergency overview : Warning!
FLAMMABLE GAS.
CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.
VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation.
Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.

Routes of entry : Inhalation

Potential acute health effects

Eyes : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : Acts as a simple asphyxiant.
Ingestion : Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases

Potential chronic health effects : **CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS** Not available.
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Acute or chronic respiratory conditions may be aggravated by overexposure to this gas.

See toxicological Information (section 11)

Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If fumes are still suspected to be present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or a self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.
Frostbite : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

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- Inhalation** : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.
- Ingestion** : Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Section 5. Fire fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Flammable.
- Flammable limits** : Lower: 3.9% Upper: 17.1%
- Products of combustion** : These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), halogenated compounds, hydrogen fluoride.
- Fire fighting media and instructions** : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemicals, or CO₂.
- If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area.
- Extremely flammable. Gas may accumulate in confined areas, travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back causing fire or explosion.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full facepiece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (Section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. To avoid fire, minimize ignition sources. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not puncture or incinerate container. High pressure gas. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
- Storage** : Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

- Engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Personal protection**
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93

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Hands : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves or gauntlets complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Personal protection in case of a large spill : A self-contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Molecular weight : 66.06 g/mole
Molecular formula : C₂H₄F₂
Boiling/condensation point : -25°C (-13°F)
Melting/freezing point : -117°C (-178.6°F)
Critical temperature : 113.5°C (236.3°F)
Vapor pressure : 63 psig
Vapor density : 2.4 (Air = 1)
Specific Volume (ft³/lb) : 5.85138
Gas Density (lb/ft³) : 0.1709
Physical chemical comments : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity : The product is stable.

Incompatibility with various substances : Extremely reactive or incompatible with oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products : These products are halogenated compounds, hydrogen fluoride.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Other toxic effects on humans : No specific information is available in our database regarding the other toxic effects of this material for humans.

Specific effects

Carcinogenic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproduction toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Products of degradation : These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) and water, halogenated compounds.

Toxicity of the products of biodegradation : The products of degradation are more toxic than the product itself.

Environmental fate : Not available.




Environmental hazards : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Toxicity to the environment : Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation. Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc. Do not dispose of locally.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1030	1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE OR REFRIGERANT GAS R 152A	2.1	Not applicable (gas).		<p>Limited quantity Yes.</p> <p>Packaging instruction Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden.</p> <p>Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg</p> <p>Special provisions T50</p>
TDG Classification	UN1030	1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE; OR REFRIGERANT GAS R 152A	2.1	Not applicable (gas).		<p>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125</p> <p>ERAP Index 3000</p> <p>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden</p>
Mexico Classification	UN1030	1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE OR REFRIGERANT GAS R 152A	2.1	Not applicable (gas).		-

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(b) inventory: difluoroethane
 SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.
 SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.
 SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: difluoroethane
 SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:
 difluoroethane: Fire hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard
 Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found.
 Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.
 Clean air act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: difluoroethane
 Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: difluoroethane

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Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.

State regulations : Massachusetts RTK: difluoroethane
New Jersey: difluoroethane

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas.
Class B-1: Flammable gas.
CEPA DSL: difluoroethane

Section 16. Other information

United States

Label Requirements : FLAMMABLE GAS.
CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.
VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.

Canada

Label Requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.
Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :

Health	1
Fire hazard	4
Reactivity	0
Personal protection	C

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.