

# Material Safety Data Sheet



Nonflammable Azeotropic Mixture: (Halocarbon R500) 1,1 Difluoroethane (R152A)  
26.2% / Dichlorodifluoromethane (R12) 73.8%

## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

**Product Name** : Nonflammable Azeotropic Mixture: (Halocarbon R500) 1,1 Difluoroethane (R152A) 26.2% / Dichlorodifluoromethane (R12) 73.8%

**Supplier** : AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries  
259 North Radnor-Chester Road  
Suite 100  
Radnor, PA 19087-5283  
1-610-687-5253

**Product use** : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

**MSDS#** : 002084

**Date of Preparation/Revision** : **6/15/2006.**

**In case of emergency** : 1-866-734-3438

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Physical state** : Gas.

**Emergency overview** : Warning!  
CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.  
CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS:  
PERIPHERAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, EYE, LENS OR CORNEA.  
Do not puncture or incinerate container.  
Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.

**Routes of entry** : Inhalation

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eyes** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation** : Acts as a simple asphyxiant.

**Ingestion** : Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases

**Potential chronic health effects** : **CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS** Classified A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH [dichlorodifluoromethane].  
**MUTAGENIC EFFECTS** Not available.  
**TERATOGENIC EFFECTS**: Not available.

**Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure** : Acute or chronic respiratory conditions may be aggravated by overexposure to this gas.

See toxicological information (section 11)

## Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

| <u>Name</u>                             | <u>CAS number</u> | <u>% Volume</u> | <u>Exposure limits</u>   |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| Dichlorodifluoromethane (Halocarbon 12) | 75-71-8           | 73.8            | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 5/2004). Notes: 1996 Adoption Refers to Appendix A -- Carcinogens.</b><br>TWA: 4950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: All forms<br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms<br><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2001).</b><br>TWA: 4950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). Form: All forms<br>TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hour(s). Form: All forms<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/1993).</b><br>TWA: 4950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: All forms<br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms |
| 1,1-Difluoroethane (Halocarbon 152A)    | 75-37-6           | 26.2            | <b>AIHA WEEL (United States, 1/2004).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms  |

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## Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If fumes are still suspected to be present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or a self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

- Eye contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.
- Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
- Inhalation** : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.
- Ingestion** : Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

## Section 5. Fire fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Non-flammable.
- Products of combustion** : These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), halogenated compounds, hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride.
- Fire fighting media and instructions** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for surrounding fires.  
  
If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area.  
No specific hazard.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full facepiece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (Section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Do not puncture or incinerate container. High pressure gas. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
- Storage** : Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

## Section 8. Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

- Engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.
- Personal protection**
  - Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

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- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.  
The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves or gauntlets complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Personal protection in case of a large spill** : A self-contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product.
- Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Molecular weight** : Not applicable.
- Molecular formula** : Not applicable.
- Boiling/condensation point** : Not available.
- Melting/freezing point** : -117°C (-178.6°F) based on data for: difluoroethane. Weighted average: -147.26°C (-233.1°F)
- Critical temperature** : The lowest known value is 111.9°C (233.4°F) (dichlorodifluoromethane).
- Vapor density** : The highest known value is 4.2 (Air = 1) (dichlorodifluoromethane). Weighted average: 3.73 (Air = 1)
- Specific Volume (ft<sup>3</sup>/lb)** : Not applicable.
- Gas Density (lb/ft<sup>3</sup>)** : The only known value is 0.95 (difluoroethane).

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Stability and reactivity** : The product is stable.
- Incompatibility with various substances** : Not considered to be reactive according to our database.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : These products are halogenated compounds, hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| <u>Ingredient name</u>               | <u>Test</u> | <u>Result</u> | <u>Route</u> | <u>Species</u> |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1,1-Difluoroethane (Halocarbon 152A) | LDLo        | >1500 mg/kg   | Oral         | Rat            |

- Chronic effects on humans** : **CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS** Classified A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH [dichlorodifluoromethane].  
Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: peripheral nervous system, cardiovascular system, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.
- Other toxic effects on humans** : No specific information is available in our database regarding the other toxic effects of this material for humans.
- Specific effects**
- Carcinogenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproduction toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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## Section 12. Ecological information

- Products of degradation** : These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>) and water, halogenated compounds.
- Toxicity of the products of biodegradation** : The products of degradation are more toxic than the product itself.
- Environmental fate** : Not available.
- Environmental hazards** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Toxicity to the environment** : Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation. Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc. Do not dispose of locally.

## Section 14. Transport information

| Regulatory information       | UN number | Proper shipping name  | Class | Packing group         | Label   | Additional information   |
|------------------------------|-----------|---|-------|-----------------------|---|--|
| <b>DOT Classification</b>    | UN2602    | Dichlorodifluoromethane and Difluoroethane Azeotropic Mixture | 2.2   | Not applicable (gas). |    | -  |
| <b>TDG Classification</b>    | UN2602    | Dichlorodifluoromethane and Difluoroethane Azeotropic Mixture | 2.2   | Not applicable (gas). |    | <b>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</b><br>0.125<br><br><b>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</b><br>75 |
| <b>Mexico Classification</b> | UN2602    | Dichlorodifluoromethane and Difluoroethane Azeotropic Mixture | 2.2   | Not applicable (gas). |  | -  |

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### United States

- U.S. Federal regulations** : TSCA 6 final risk management: dichlorodifluoromethane  
TSCA 8(b) inventory: difluoroethane; dichlorodifluoromethane  
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.  
SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.  
SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: difluoroethane; dichlorodifluoromethane  
SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:  
difluoroethane: Fire hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard;  
dichlorodifluoromethane: Sudden Release of Pressure, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard  
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found.  
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.  
Clean air act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: difluoroethane  
Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: difluoroethane  
Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.

### SARA 313

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|  | <u>Product name</u>                       | <u>CAS number</u> | <u>Concentration</u> |
|--|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Form R - Reporting requirements</b> | : Dichlorodifluoromethane (Halocarbon 12) | 75-71-8           | 73.8                 |
| <b>Supplier notification</b>           | : Dichlorodifluoromethane (Halocarbon 12) | 75-71-8           | 73.8                 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

- State regulations** : Pennsylvania RTK: dichlorodifluoromethane: (environmental hazard, generic environmental hazard)  
Massachusetts RTK: difluoroethane; dichlorodifluoromethane  
New Jersey: difluoroethane; dichlorodifluoromethane

**Canada**

- WHMIS (Canada)** : Class A: Compressed gas.  
CEPA DSL: difluoroethane; dichlorodifluoromethane

**Section 16. Other information**

**United States**

- Label Requirements** : CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.  
CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS:  
PERIPHERAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, EYE, LENS OR CORNEA.

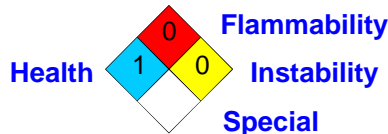
**Canada**

- Label Requirements** : Class A: Compressed gas.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**

|                     |   |   |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Health              | * | 1 |
| Fire hazard         |   | 0 |
| Reactivity          |   | 0 |
| Personal protection |   | C |

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



**Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.