

# Material Safety Data Sheet



Anesthetic Calibration Mixture: Carbon Dioxide / Nitrogen / Nitrous Oxide / Oxygen / Sevoflurane

## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: Anesthetic Calibration Mixture: Carbon Dioxide / Nitrogen / Nitrous Oxide / Oxygen / Sevoflurane
<b>Supplier</b>	: AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
<b>Product use</b>	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
<b>MSDS #</b>	: 005211
<b>Date of Preparation/Revision</b>	: <b>5/10/2010.</b>
<b>In case of emergency</b>	: 1-866-734-3438

## Section 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Gas.
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: DANGER! OXIDIZER. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.  Do not puncture or incinerate container. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material that can cause target organ damage. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Avoid breathing gas. Store in tightly-closed container. Avoid contact with combustible materials. Use with adequate ventilation.  Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.
<b>Target organs</b>	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: eyes. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, the reproductive system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS).
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Inhalation Dermal Eyes
<b>Potential acute health effects</b>	
<b>Eyes</b>	: Moderately irritating to eyes. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
<b>Skin</b>	: Moderately irritating to the skin. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Moderately irritating to the respiratory system.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases
<b>Potential chronic health effects</b>	: <b>CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS:</b> Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for humans.) by IARC [dinitrogen oxide]. <b>MUTAGENIC EFFECTS:</b> Not available. <b>TERATOGENIC EFFECTS:</b> Not available.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (section 11)

## Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>% Volume</u>	<u>Exposure limits</u>
Oxygen	7782-44-7	1 - 90	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009).</b> TWA: 90 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s). <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).</b> TWA: 46 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hour(s).
Nitrous Oxide	10024-97-2	0.005 - 90	
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	1 - 75	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant] <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009).</b> STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hour(s). <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).</b> STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hour(s). <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).</b> TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hour(s). <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hour(s).
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	0.5 - 20	
Sevoflurane	28523-86-6	1 - 10	<b>Työterveyslaitos, Sosiaali- ja terveysministeriö (Finland, 7/2009).</b> STEL: 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). STEL: 20 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 83 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hour(s). <b>Arbeidstilsynet (Norway, 3/2009).</b> TWA: 140 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hour(s). <b>AFS 2005:17 (Sweden, 6/2007).</b> STEL: 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). STEL: 20 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hour(s). <b>Ministra Pracy i Polityki Społecznej (Poland, 7/2009).</b> TWA: 55 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). <b>LV Nat. Standardisation and Meterological Centre (Latvia, 5/2007).</b> TWA: 2 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

## Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

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- Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Non-flammable.
- Products of combustion** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
halogenated compounds  
carbonyl halides
- Fire-fighting media and instructions** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.
- Contains gas under pressure. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8). Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
- Methods for cleaning up** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Wash thoroughly after handling. High pressure gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Keep container closed. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes. Store in tightly-closed container. Avoid contact with combustible materials. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
- Storage** : Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents and combustibles. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Personal protection**
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

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- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Personal protection in case of a large spill** : Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Full chemical-resistant suit and self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn only by trained and authorized persons.

**Product name**

oxygen  
dinitrogen oxide

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009).**

TWA: 90 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).

**NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).**

TWA: 46 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s).

TWA: 25 ppm 10 hour(s).

nitrogen  
Carbon dioxide

Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009).**

STEL: 54000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s).

STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s).

TWA: 9000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hour(s).

**NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).**

STEL: 54000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s).

STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s).

TWA: 9000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s).

TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hour(s).

**OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).**

TWA: 9000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hour(s).

**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).**

STEL: 54000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s).

STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s).

TWA: 18000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hour(s).

Ether, fluoromethyl 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-  
(trifluoromethyl)ethyl-

**Työterveyslaitos, Sosiaali- ja terveysministeriö (Finland, 7/2009).**

STEL: 170 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s).

STEL: 20 ppm 15 minute(s).

TWA: 83 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hour(s).

**Arbeidstilsynet (Norway, 3/2009).**

TWA: 140 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).

**AFS 2005:17 (Sweden, 6/2007).**

STEL: 170 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s).

STEL: 20 ppm 15 minute(s).

TWA: 80 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hour(s).

**Ministra Pracy i Polityki Społecznej (Poland, 7/2009).**

TWA: 55 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

**LV Nat. Standardisation and Meteorological Centre (Latvia, 5/2007).**

TWA: 2 ppm 8 hour(s).

TWA: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Melting/freezing point** : -91°C (-131.8°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: dinitrogen oxide. Weighted average: -171.04°C (-275.9°F)
- Critical temperature** : Lowest known value: -146.9°C (-232.4°F) (nitrogen).
- Vapor density** : Highest known value: 1.53 (Air = 1) (dinitrogen oxide). Weighted average: 1.24 (Air = 1)
- Gas Density (lb/ft<sup>3</sup>)** : Weighted average: 0.09

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Stability and reactivity** : The product is stable.
- Incompatibility with various substances** : Reactive with, combustible materials.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
- Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Toxicity data

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Carbon dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	470000 ppm	30 minutes
Ether, fluoromethyl 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl-	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	6300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10800 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	58000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	28800 ppm	3 hours

- Chronic effects on humans** : **CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS:** Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for humans.) by IARC [dinitrogen oxide]. Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: eyes. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, the reproductive system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS).

- Other toxic effects on humans** : No specific information is available in our database regarding the other toxic effects of this material to humans.

### Specific effects

- Carcinogenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproduction toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Aquatic ecotoxicity






Not available.

- Products of degradation** : Products of degradation: carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>) and water, nitrogen oxides (NO, NO<sub>2</sub> etc.), halogenated compounds.
- Environmental fate** : Not available.
- Environmental hazards** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Toxicity to the environment** : Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation. Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc. Do not dispose of locally.

## Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
<b>DOT Classification</b>	UN3156	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	2.2	Not applicable (gas).	 	-
<b>TDG Classification</b>	UN3156	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	2.2	Not applicable (gas).		<p><b>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</b> 0</p> <p><b>ERAP Index</b> 3000</p> <p><b>Passenger Carrying Ship Index</b> Forbidden</p> <p><b>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</b> 75</p>
<b>Mexico Classification</b>	UN3156	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	2.2	Not applicable (gas).	 	-

“Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product.”

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### United States

- U.S. Federal regulations** : TSCA 8(a) IUR: nitrogen; oxygen; Carbon dioxide  
**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**: Not determined.  
**SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances**: No products were found.  
**SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification**: No products were found.  
**SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals**: nitrogen; oxygen; Carbon dioxide; dinitrogen oxide  
**SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification**:  
 nitrogen: Sudden release of pressure; oxygen: Fire hazard, Sudden release of pressure, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Carbon dioxide: Sudden release of pressure, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; dinitrogen oxide: Fire

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hazard, Sudden release of pressure, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:** No products were found.

**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** No products were found.

**Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention:** No products were found.

**Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances:** No products were found.

**Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances:** No products were found.

**State regulations**

- Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting:** None of the components are listed.
- Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey:** None of the components are listed.
- Florida substances:** None of the components are listed.
- Illinois Chemical Safety Act:** None of the components are listed.
- Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act:** None of the components are listed.
- Louisiana Reporting:** None of the components are listed.
- Louisiana Spill:** None of the components are listed.
- Massachusetts Spill:** None of the components are listed.
- Massachusetts Substances:** The following components are listed: NITROUS OXIDE; OXYGEN (LIQUID); NITROGEN; CARBON DIOXIDE
- Michigan Critical Material:** None of the components are listed.
- Minnesota Hazardous Substances:** None of the components are listed.
- New Jersey Hazardous Substances:** The following components are listed: NITROUS OXIDE; NITROGEN OXIDE (N2O); OXYGEN; NITROGEN; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBONIC ACID GAS
- New Jersey Spill:** None of the components are listed.
- New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act:** None of the components are listed.
- New York Acutely Hazardous Substances:** None of the components are listed.
- New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting:** None of the components are listed.
- Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances:** The following components are listed: NITROUS OXIDE; OXYGEN; NITROGEN; CARBON DIOXIDE
- Rhode Island Hazardous Substances:** None of the components are listed.

**California Prop. 65**

- WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**Ingredient name**

**Cancer**

**Reproductive**

**No significant risk level**

**Maximum acceptable dosage level**

Nitrous Oxide

No.

Yes.

No.

No.

**Canada**

**WHMIS (Canada)**

- Class A: Compressed gas.
- Class C: Oxidizing material.
- Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).
- CEPA Toxic substances:** The following components are listed: Nitrous oxide; Carbon dioxide
- Canadian ARET:** None of the components are listed.
- Canadian NPRI:** None of the components are listed.
- Alberta Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.
- Ontario Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.
- Quebec Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.

**Section 16. Other information**

**United States**

**Label requirements**

- OXIDIZER.
- MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.
- CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.
- CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.
- CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

**Canada**

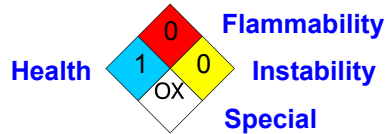
**Label requirements**

- Class A: Compressed gas.
- Class C: Oxidizing material.
- Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :

Health	*	2
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.