

Material Safety Data Sheet



Oxidizing Gas Mixture: Carbon Dioxide 0.5-25% / Oxygen 75-99%

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Product name | : Oxidizing Gas Mixture: Carbon Dioxide 0.5-25% / Oxygen 75-99% |
| Supplier | : AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253 |
| Product use | : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry. |
| MSDS # | : 006069 |
| Date of Preparation/Revision | : 4/13/2010. |
| In case of emergency | : 1-866-734-3438 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| | |
|---|--|
| Physical state | : Gas. |
| Emergency overview | : DANGER! OXIDIZER. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Avoid breathing gas. Store in tightly-closed container. Avoid contact with combustible materials. Use with adequate ventilation. Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite. |
| Target organs | : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, cardiovascular system, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS). |
| Routes of entry | : Inhalation Dermal Eyes |
| Potential acute health effects | |
| Eyes | : Moderately irritating to eyes. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Skin | : Moderately irritating to the skin. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Inhalation | : Moderately irritating to the respiratory system. |
| Ingestion | : Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases |
| Potential chronic health effects | : CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. |
| Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure | : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product. |

See toxicological information (section 11)

Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

| <u>Name</u> | <u>CAS number</u> | <u>% Volume</u> | <u>Exposure limits</u> |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| Oxygen | 7782-44-7 | 75 - 99 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2008). STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2008). STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 10 hour(s). TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hour(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 18000 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hour(s). |
| Carbon Dioxide | 124-38-9 | 0.5 - 25 | |

Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Non-flammable.
- Products of combustion** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
- Fire-fighting media and instructions** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.
Contains gas under pressure. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8). Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
- Methods for cleaning up** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Wash thoroughly after handling. High pressure gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Keep container closed. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes. Store in tightly-closed container. Avoid contact with combustible materials. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
- Storage** : Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Separate from acids, alkalis, reducing agents and combustibles. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Personal protection**
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Personal protection in case of a large spill** : Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Full chemical-resistant suit and self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn only by trained and authorized persons.

Product name

Oxygen
Carbon dioxide

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2008).

STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).

STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s).

TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2008).

STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).

STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s).

TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 10 hour(s).

TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hour(s).

OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).

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TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).
TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hour(s).
OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).
STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s).
TWA: 18000 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).
TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hour(s).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Melting/freezing point** : -218.6°C (-361.5°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Oxygen.
- Critical temperature** : Lowest known value: -118.6°C (-181.5°F) (Oxygen).
- Vapor density** : Highest known value: 1.53 (Air = 1) (Carbon dioxide). Weighted average: 1.19 (Air = 1)
- Gas Density (lb/ft³)** : Weighted average: 0.1

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Stability and reactivity** : The product is stable.
- Incompatibility with various substances** : Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials and combustible materials.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
- Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Toxicity data

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------|------------|------------|
| Carbon dioxide | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 470000 ppm | 30 minutes |

- Chronic effects on humans** : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, cardiovascular system, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).
- Other toxic effects on humans** : No specific information is available in our database regarding the other toxic effects of this material to humans.
- Specific effects**
- Carcinogenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproduction toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Not available.






- Products of degradation** : Products of degradation: carbon oxides (CO, CO₂).
- Environmental fate** : Not available.
- Environmental hazards** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Toxicity to the environment** : Not available.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation. Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc. Do not dispose of locally.

Section 14. Transport information

| Regulatory information | UN number | Proper shipping name | Class | Packing group | Label | Additional information |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|--|---|
| DOT Classification | UN3156 | COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. | 2.2 | Not applicable (gas). |   | - |
| TDG Classification | UN3156 | COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. | 2.2 | Not applicable (gas). |  | <p>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125</p> <p>ERAP Index 3000</p> <p>Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden</p> <p>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75</p> |
| Mexico Classification | UN3156 | COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. | 2.2 | Not applicable (gas). |   | - |

“Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product.”

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

- U.S. Federal regulations** : **United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances**: No products were found.
- SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification**: No products were found.
- SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals**: Oxygen; Carbon dioxide
- SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification**:
 Oxygen: Fire hazard, Sudden release of pressure, Delayed (chronic) health hazard;
 Carbon dioxide : Sudden release of pressure, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard
- Clean Water Act (CWA) 307**: No products were found.

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Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.
Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: None of the components are listed.
Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed.
Florida substances: None of the components are listed.
Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of the components are listed.
Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: None of the components are listed.
Louisiana Reporting: None of the components are listed.
Louisiana Spill: None of the components are listed.
Massachusetts Spill: None of the components are listed.
Massachusetts Substances: The following components are listed: OXYGEN (LIQUID); CARBON DIOXIDE
Michigan Critical Material: None of the components are listed.
Minnesota Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: OXYGEN; CARBON DIOXIDE
New Jersey Spill: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: None of the components are listed.
New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.
New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: OXYGEN; CARBON DIOXIDE
Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

State regulations

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class A: Compressed gas.
Class C: Oxidizing material.
CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Carbon dioxide
Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.
Canadian NPRI: None of the components are listed.
Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.
Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.
Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

United States

Label requirements

: OXIDIZER.
MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.
CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.
CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.
CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

Canada

Label requirements

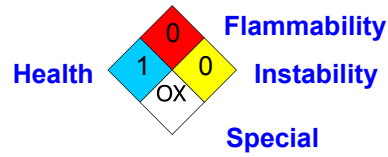
: Class A: Compressed gas.
Class C: Oxidizing material.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

| | | |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health | * | 1 |
| Flammability | | 0 |
| Physical hazards | | 0 |
| | | |

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National Fire Protection
Association (U.S.A.) :



Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.