SAFETY DATA SHEET



Flammable Gas Mixture: 1,2-Dichloroethane / Allyl Chloride / Carbon Dioxide / Ethane / Ethyl Chloride / Ethylene / Ethylene Oxide / Methyl Chloride / Nitrogen / Vinyl Chloride

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Flammable Gas Mixture: 1,2-Dichloroethane / Allyl Chloride / Carbon Dioxide / Ethane / Ethyl Chloride / Ethylene / Ethylene Oxide / Methyl Chloride / Nitrogen / Vinyl Chloride
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
SDS #	: 018060
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May form explosive mixtures in Air. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. May increase respiration and heart rate. Causes skin irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Approach suspected leak area with caution.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing gas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

 Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Storage Store locked up. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. : In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. 	Section 3 Comp	osition/information on ingredients
fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.Storage: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and		
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	Response	fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.		
Product code	: 018060		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
ethylene		4.1 - 99	74-85-1
ethane		0.0001 - 93	74-84-0
Nitrogen		1 - 93	7727-37-9
Carbon Dioxide		2 - 20	124-38-9
ethylene oxide		0.1 - 0.9999	75-21-8
vinyl chloride		0.0001 - 0.0999	75-01-4
chloromethane		0.0001 - 0.0999	74-87-3
Ethyl chloride		0.0001 - 0.0999	75-00-3
3-chloropropene		0.0001 - 0.0999	107-05-1
1,2-dichloroethane		0.0001 - 0.0999	107-06-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Section 4. First aid measures		
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.	
Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.	
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.	
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.	
Over-exposure signs/sym	otoms	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, watering, redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, irritation, redness	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	th tr a c ir	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if here is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable raining. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire rea if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers ool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is npossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location r maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters		ire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing pparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
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Large spill : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	1	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area.
including any		Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from
incompatibilities		incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources.
		Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being
		knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

ngredient name	Exposure limits
ethylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
ethane	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]
Nitrogen	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]
Carbon Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). Oxyger
	Depletion [Asphyxiant].
	STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 18000 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hours.
ethylene oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
,	TWA: 1.8 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	CEIL: 9 mg/m ³ 10 minutes.
	CEIL: 5 ppm 10 minutes.
	TWA: 0.18 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 0.1 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
vinyl chloride	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
chloromethane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
shoromotilano	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 207 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 105 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 210 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CEIL: 200 ppm
	AMP: 300 ppm 5 minutes.
Ethyl chloride	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 264 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 2600 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 2600 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
3-chloropropene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 6 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 1 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 6 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
4. O d'abless alle as a	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1,2-dichloroethane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 40 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	STEL: 8 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 4 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 1 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	STEL: 8 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
	AMP: 200 ppm 5 minutes.
	CEIL: 100 ppm
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
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Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>

<u>Appoulation</u>	
Physical state	: Gas.
Color	: Not available.
Melting/freezing point	 -169.15°C (-272.5°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: ethylene. Weighted average: -188.5°C (-307.3°F)
Critical temperature	: Lowest known value: -146.95°C (-232.5°F) (nitrogen).
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor density	1	Highest known value: 1.5 (Air = 1) (Carbon dioxide). Weighted average: 1.03 (Air = 1)
Gas Density (lb/ft 3)	:	Weighted average: 0.08
Relative density	:	Not applicable.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Oxidizers
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ethylene oxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	920 ppm	4 hours
chloromethane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8300 ppm	4 hours
3-chloropropene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	4323 ppm	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2066 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	450 mg/kg	-
1,2-dichloroethane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2646 ppm	1 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethylene oxide	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	6 hours 18 milligrams	-
3-chloropropene	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
1,2-dichloroethane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	63 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit - 625 - milligrams		•				
l miligrams			Rabbit	-	625	-
					milligrams	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
ethylene	-	3	-
ethylene oxide	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
1,2-dichloroethane	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
3-chloropropene	-	3	-
Ethyl chloride	-	3	-
chloromethane	-	3	-
vinyl chloride	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
ethylene oxide	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
3-chloropropene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2-dichloroethane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
		Not determined Not determined	liver central nervous system (CNS)
3-chloropropene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

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Information on the likely routes of exposure

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 NIGt	ovoi	Inhla
 INOL	avai	lable

Potential acute health effe	<u>ets</u>
Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the phy	<u>sic</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	1	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, watering, redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness
Skin contact	1	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, irritation, redness
Ingestion	1	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	: <u>ts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>
Not available.		

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylene oxide	Acute LC50 490000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 300000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 84000 to 96000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
chloromethane	Acute LC50 270000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
3-chloropropene	Acute LC50 19780 to 24780 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1,2-dichloroethane	Acute EC50 >443 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >433 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 160000 to 190000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Instar	48 hours
	Acute LC50 110 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 115 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Pleuronectiformes	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 29000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Larvae	32 days

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylene	1.13	-	low
ethane	1.09	-	low
Nitrogen	0.67	-	low
Carbon Dioxide	0.83	-	low
ethylene oxide	-0.3	-	low
vinyl chloride	1.38	-	low
chloromethane	0.91	-	low
Ethyl chloride	1.43	-	low
3-chloropropene	2.1	<5.6	low
1,2-dichloroethane	1.45	2	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (nitrogen, ethylene)				
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Date of issue/Date of r	vevision : 4/29/201	6 Date of previo		evious validation Ver	rsion: 0.01 11.

Section 14. Transport information

Additional information	Reportable quantity 1000.1 lbs / 454.05 kg Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying	-	-	-
		Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden			
		Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden			

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	4	Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL		
73/78 and the IBC Code		

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations		TSCA 8(a) DAID: 1.2 dichloroothan	0	
0.5. Federal regulations	1	TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 1,2-dichloroethan		
		TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial ex	cemption : Not determined	
		United States inventory (TSCA 8	 All components are liste 	d or exempted.
		Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: 1,2-c chloride	lichloroethane; chloroethar	e; chloromethane; vinyl
		Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: 1,2-c	lichloroethane; 3-chloropro	pene
		Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated	d flammable substances:	ethylene; ethane
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	1	Not listed		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed		
SARA 302/304				
Composition/information	on	ingredients		
			SARA 302 TPQ	SARA 304 RQ

				SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Ν	ame	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
et	thylene oxide	0.1 - 0.9999	Yes.	1000	-	10	-

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 304 RQ

: 1000.1 lbs / 454 kg

SARA 311/312 Classification

: Fire hazard Sudden release of pressure Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
ethylene	4.1 - 99	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
ethane	0.0001 - 93	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Nitrogen	1 - 93	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Carbon Dioxide	2 - 20	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
ethylene oxide	0.1 - 0.9999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
vinyl chloride	0.0001 - 0.0999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.
chloromethane	0.0001 - 0.0999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Ethyl chloride	0.0001 - 0.0999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.
3-chloropropene	0.0001 - 0.0999	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
1,2-dichloroethane	0.0001 - 0.0999	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	ethylene	74-85-1	4.1 - 99
	ethylene oxide	75-21-8	0.1 - 0.9999
Supplier notification	ethylene	74-85-1	4.1 - 99
	ethylene oxide	75-21-8	0.1 - 0.9999

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: ETHYLENE; NITROGEN; ETHANE; CARBON DIOXIDE
New York	: The following components are listed: Ethylene oxide; Oxirane
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: ETHYLENE; ETHENE; NITROGEN; ETHANE; ETHYLENE OXIDE; 1,2-EPOXYETHANE; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBONIC ACID GAS
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: ETHENE; NITROGEN; ETHANE; OXIRANE; CARBON DIOXIDE

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
ethylene oxide	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
1,2-dichloroethane	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
chloroethane	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
chloromethane	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
vinyl chloride	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.

International regulations

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Ingredient name			List name			Status	
Ethylene oxide (ISO); Am 2-Epoxyethane; EO	prolene; Oxirane;		INTL - Rotterdar Consent (PIC)	m Convention on Prior In	form	Pesticide	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/29/2016	Date of	f previous issue	: No previous validation	Version	: 0.01	13/15

Section 15. Regulatory information

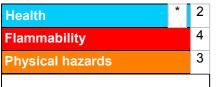
International lists	
National inventory	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
<u>Canada</u>	
WHMIS (Canada)	: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).
	 CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds; Ethylene oxide; Carbon dioxide Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed. Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Ethylene; Volatile organic compounds Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements :

Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Gas 1, H220	On basis of test data
Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Expert judgment
Muta. 1B, H340	Calculation method
Carc. 1B, H350	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 4/29/2016
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/29/2016
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 0.01
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

History

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.