SAFETY DATA SHEET



Flammable Gas MIxture: Carbonyl Sulfide / Dimethyl Sulfide / Ethyl Mercaptan / Hydrogen / Hydrogen Sulfide / Methyl Mercpatan

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Flammable Gas MIxture: Carbonyl Sulfide / Dimethyl Sulfide / Ethyl Mercaptan / Hydrogen / Hydrogen Sulfide / Methyl Mercpatan
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Gas.
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
SDS #	: 021207
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
substance or mixture	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable gas.
	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
	May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
	May form explosive mixtures with air.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Do not depend on odor to detect presence of gas. Approach suspected leak area with caution.
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response	 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise	: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace
classified	oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture:Other means of:identificationProduct code:

: Mixture

- : Not available.
- : 021207

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
hydrogen	97.5 - 99.999	1333-74-0
carbonyl sulphide	0.0001 - 0.05	463-58-1
Dimethyl sulfide	0.0001 - 0.05	75-18-3
Ethyl Mercaptan	0.0001 - 0.05	75-08-1
hydrogen sulfide	0.0001 - 0.05	7783-06-4
Methyl Mercaptan	0.0001 - 0.05	74-93-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. 		
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.		

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.		
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.		
Frostbite	Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.		
Ingestion	As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.		
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>s</u>		
Eye contact	No specific data.		
Inhalation	No specific data.		
Skin contact	No specific data.		
Ingestion	No specific data.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.		
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.		

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: No specific data.	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.	
Large spill	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

3/12

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling			
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name			Exposure limits
hydrogen			California PEL for Chemical Contaminants (<i>Table AC-1</i>) (United States). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].
carbonyl sulphide			ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
Dimethyl sulfide			TWA: 12.28 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
Ethyl Mercaptan			TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). CEIL: 1.3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 0.5 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). CEIL: 25 mg/m ³ CEIL: 10 ppm OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
hydrogen sulfide			TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). CEIL: 15 mg/m ³ 10 minutes. CEIL: 10 ppm 10 minutes.
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 7/6/2020	Date of previous issue	: 7/5/2017 Version : 1.01 4/1

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 21 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 14 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). AMP: 50 ppm 10 minutes. CEIL: 20 ppm
Methyl Mercaptan	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 0.98 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). CEIL: 1 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 0.5 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). CEIL: 20 mg/m ³ CEIL: 10 ppm OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

: 7/6/2020

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Gas.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: -259.15°C (-434.5°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: hydrogen.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Critical temperature	: Lowest known value: -240.15°C (-400.3°F) (hydrogen).
Flash point	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	: Not available.
(flammable) limits	
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 0.07 (Air = 1) (hydrogen).
Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	: Only known value: 0.083 (hydrogen).
Relative density	: Not applicable.
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not applicable.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Oxidizers
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Flammable Gas MIxture: Carbonyl Sulfide / Dimethyl Sulfide / Ethyl Mercaptan / Hydrogen / Hydrogen Sulfide / Methyl Mercpatan

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous polymerization : Under

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
carbonyl sulphide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	1070 ppm	4 hours
Dimethyl sulfide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	40250 ppm	1 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3300 mg/kg	-
Ethyl Mercaptan	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8840 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	4420 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	682 mg/kg	-
hydrogen sulfide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	712 ppm	1 hours
Methyl Mercaptan	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	1350 ppm	1 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Dimethyl sulfide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	ug 24 hours 500 mg	-
Ethyl Mercaptan	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
hydrogen sulfide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Eye contact

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Date of issue/Date of revision :

: 7/6/2020

Section 11. Toxicological information

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
: No specific data.
cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
ects
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethyl Mercaptan hydrogen sulfide	Acute LC50 170 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 62 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus	48 hours 2 days
	Acute LC50 2 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Coregonus clupeaformis - Yolk-sac fry	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Dimethyl sulfide	0.84		low
Ethyl Mercaptan	1.5		low
Methyl Mercaptan	0.78		low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	-				
	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N. O.S. (Hydrogen, Hydrogen Sulfide)				
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Additional information

TDG Classification : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).

 Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125

 ERAP Index 3000

 Passenger Carrying Vessel Index Forbidden

 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Methyl Mercaptan
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: hydrogen sulphide; Methyl Mercaptan
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: hydrogen
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

				SARA 3	02 TPQ	SARA 3)4 RQ
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
hydrogen sulfide Methyl Mercaptan		0.0001 - 0.05 0.0001 - 0.05	Yes. Yes.	500 500	-	100 100	
SARA 304 RQ SARA 311/312	: 399201.6	i lbs / 181237.5 kç	9	<u>.</u>		•	
Classification	: Refer to S	ection 2: Hazard	s Identific	ation of th	nis SDS for clas	sification of	substance.
State regulations							
Maaaaabuaatta	The fello	ving componente	are lister				

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: HYDROGEN
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: HYDROGEN
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: HYDROGEN
<u>California Prop. 65</u>	

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

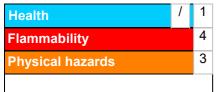
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	Calculation method On basis of test data
History	

Date of printing	: 7/6/2020
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 7/6/2020
Date of previous issue	: 7/5/2017
Version	: 1.01
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.