# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Flammable Gas Mixture: 1,2-Dichloroethane / Carbon Tetrachloride / Chloroform / Hydrogen / Methyl Chloride / Methylene Chloride / Perchloroethylene / Vinyl Chloride

### Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Flammable Gas Mixture: 1,2-Dichloroethane / Carbon Tetrachloride / Chloroform / Hydrogen / Methyl Chloride / Methylene Chloride / Perchloroethylene / Vinyl Chloride
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Gas.
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
SDS #	: 025003
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone	: 1-866-734-3438

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).		
Classification of the	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1		
substance or mixture	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable gas.		
	May form explosive mixtures with air.		
	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.		
Precautionary statements	May displace oxygen and cause rapid sufficiation.		
General	: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Approach suspected leak area with caution.		
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.		
Response	: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.		
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.		
Disposal	: Not applicable.		
Hazards not otherwise classified	: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.		

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product code	: 025003

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
hydrogen	99.93 - 99.999	1333-74-0
1,2-dichloroethane	0.0001 - 0.01	107-06-2
carbon tetrachloride	0.0001 - 0.01	56-23-5
Chloroform	0.0001 - 0.01	67-66-3
Methyl Chloride	0.0001 - 0.01	74-87-3
dichloromethane	0.0001 - 0.01	75-09-2
vinyl chloride	0.0001 - 0.01	75-01-4
tetrachloroethylene	0.0001 - 0.01	127-18-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Most important symptoms	s/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health eff	
Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
<u>Over-exposure signs/syr</u>	nptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.

Innalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.

#### Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

# Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)	
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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: No specific data.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.	
Large spill	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name			Exposure limits
hydrogen			California PEL for Chemical Contaminants ( <i>Table AC-1</i> ) (United States). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].
1,2-dichloroethane			ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 40 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). STEL: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 1 ppm 10 hours.
			OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
			AMP: 200 ppm 5 minutes. CEIL: 100 ppm TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
carbon tetrachloride			ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 31 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes.
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 1/1/2019	Date of previous issue	I : No previous validation Version : 1 4/15

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	STEL: 63 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	CEIL: 25 ppm
	AMP: 200 ppm 5 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	STEL: 2 ppm 60 minutes.
	STEL: 12.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 60 minutes.
Chloroform	-
Chloroform	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	STEL: 9.78 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 60 minutes.
	STEL: 2 ppm 60 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	CEIL: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	CEIL: 50 ppm
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 9.78 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl Chloride	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 103 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 207 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 105 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
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	STEL: 210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 200 ppm
	STEL: 210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 200 ppm AMP: 300 ppm 5 minutes.
dichloromethane	STEL: 210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 200 ppm AMP: 300 ppm 5 minutes. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).</b>
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Section 8. Expos	ure controls/personal protection
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). AMP: 300 ppm 5 minutes. CEIL: 200 ppm TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Gas.
Color	:	Not available.
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	-259.15°C (-434.5°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: hydrogen.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Critical temperature	:	Lowest known value: -240.15°C (-400.3°F) (hydrogen).
Flash point	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 0.07 (Air = 1) (hydrogen).
Gas Density (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )	:	Only known value: 0.083 (hydrogen).
Relative density	:	Not applicable.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not applicable.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Oxidizers
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,2-dichloroethane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2646 ppm	1 hours
carbon tetrachloride	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	5070 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2350 mg/kg	-
Chloroform	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	19470 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	47702 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	300 mg/kg	-
Methyl Chloride	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8300 ppm	4 hours
dichloromethane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	76000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
tetrachloroethylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	14255 ppm	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2629 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,2-dichloroethane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	63 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	625	-
				milligrams	
carbon tetrachloride	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 2200	-
				Micrograms	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 milligrams	-
Chloroform	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
dichloromethane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	<b>y</b>			milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	162	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 810	-
				milligrams	
tetrachloroethylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	162	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 810 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
1,2-dichloroethane carbon tetrachloride Chloroform Methyl Chloride dichloromethane vinyl chloride tetrachloroethylene	- - - + +	2B 2B 2B 3 2A 1 2A	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. - Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. Known to be a human carcinogen. Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
1,2-dichloroethane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
carbon tetrachloride Chloroform Methyl Chloride	Category 1 Category 2 Category 2	Not determined Not determined Not determined	Not determined Not determined central nervous system (CNS)
vinyl chloride	Category 2	Not determined	liver

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion	:	As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to t	he physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### <u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,2-dichloroethane	Acute EC50 189 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 155 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Instar	48 hours
	Acute LC50 110 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 115 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Pleuronectiformes	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 29000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Larvae	32 days
carbon tetrachloride	Acute EC50 0.246 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 180.54 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 35000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 0.0717 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
Chloroform	Acute EC50 13.3 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 2.803 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 29000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.3 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 3.61 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Methyl Chloride	Acute LC50 270000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
dichloromethane	Acute EC50 242 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth	72 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/1/2019 Date of previous issue	: No previous validation Version : 1	10

# Section 12. Ecological information

		phase	
	Acute EC50 0.98 mg/I Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella vulgaris	96 hours
	Acute EC50 99000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 108500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio - Juvenile (Fledgling,	
		Hatchling, Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 220000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 56000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
		subcapitata	
tetrachloroethylene	Acute EC50 504 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3.64 mg/I Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas	72 hours
		reinhardtii - Exponential growth	
		phase	
	Acute EC50 7.49 mg/I Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Instar	
	Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elminius modestus	
	Acute LC50 4000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Jordanella floridae -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Chronic NOEC 0.01 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata - Exponential growth	
		phase	
	Chronic NOEC 0.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	32 days
		Larvae	

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2-dichloroethane	1.45	2	low
carbon tetrachloride	2.83	49.9 to 75.1	low
Chloroform	1.97	690	high
Methyl Chloride	0.91	-	low
dichloromethane	1.25	22.91	low
vinyl chloride	1.38	-	low
tetrachloroethylene	2.53	49	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : No coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

### Section 14. Transport information

	-				
	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1956	UN1956	UN1956	UN1956	UN1956
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Hydrogen,1, 2-Dichloroethane)				
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

#### **Additional information**

Additional information	
DOT Classification	<ul> <li><u>Reportable quantity</u> 10000 lbs / 4540 kg. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.</li> </ul>
TDG Classification	<ul> <li>Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).</li> <li><u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 0.125</li> <li><u>ERAP Index</u> 3000</li> <li><u>Passenger Carrying Ship Index</u> Forbidden</li> <li><u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> Forbidden</li> </ul>
Special precautions for user	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

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U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 4(a	) final test rules: 1,2-dich	loroethane			
	TSCA 8(a	) PAIR: 1,2-dichloroethane	9			
	TSCA 8(a	) CDR Exempt/Partial exe	emption: Not determined	t		
		rachloride; oride; tetrachloroet	hloroethylene			
	Clean Wa	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: 1,2-dichloroethane; carbon tetrachloride; trichlor Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: hydrogen				
	Clean Air					
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed					
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/1/2019	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	12/15	

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

#### SARA 302/304

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

				SARA 30	2 TPQ	SARA 3	04 RQ
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Chloroform		0.0001 - 0.01	Yes.	10000	803.8	10	0.8
SARA 304 RQ	: 100000 ll	os / 45400 kg				-	ł
<u>SARA 311/312</u>							
Classification	: Refer to S	ection 2: Hazard	s Identific	ation of thi	s SDS for clas	sification of	substance.
itate regulations							

### <u>S</u>

**Massachusetts New York** 

: None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey Pennsylvania**  : The following components are listed: HYDROGEN : The following components are listed: HYDROGEN

: The following components are listed: HYDROGEN

#### California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to Chloroform, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylene dichloride, Carbon tetrachloride, Dichloromethane, Vinyl chloride, Tetrachloroethylene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methyl chloride, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Ethylene dichloride	Yes.	-
Carbon tetrachloride	Yes.	-
Chloroform	Yes.	-
Methyl chloride	-	-
Dichloromethane	Yes.	-
Vinyl chloride	Yes.	-
Tetrachloroethylene	Yes.	-

#### International regulations

**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals** 

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

Canada

#### **Inventory list**

Australia : All compone	ents are listed or exempted.
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: All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas			JustificationOn basis of test dataOn basis of test data		
Date of printing	: 1/1/2019				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/1/2019				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/1/2019	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	14/15

### Section 16. Other information

Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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