SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ammonia

Section 1. Identification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GHS product identifier</th>
<th>Ammonia</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
<td>ammonia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other means of identification</td>
<td>ammonia; anhydrous ammonia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product type</td>
<td>Gas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product use</td>
<td>Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synonym</td>
<td>ammonia; anhydrous ammonia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDS #</td>
<td>001003</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Supplier's details        | Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates  
259 North Radnor-Chester Road  
Suite 100  
Radnor, PA 19087-5283  
1-610-687-5253 |
| 24-hour telephone         | 1-866-734-3438 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture:
- FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 2
- GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas
- ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
- SKIN CORROSION - Category 1
- SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
- AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signal word</th>
<th>Danger</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Hazard statements :
- Flammable gas.
- May form explosive mixtures with air.
- Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
- Harmful if inhaled.
- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements

General :
Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS’S) before use. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Always keep container in upright position. Approach suspected leak area with caution.

Prevention :
- Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing gas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Section 2. Hazards identification

Response: Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance/mixture</th>
<th>Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
<td>ammonia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other means of identification</td>
<td>ammonia; anhydrous ammonia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product code</td>
<td>001003</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CAS number/other identifiers

- CAS number: 7664-41-7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ammonia</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>7664-41-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

**Inhalation:** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately. Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact:** Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion:** As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eye contact</td>
<td>Causes serious eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Harmful if inhaled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Causes severe burns.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frostbite</td>
<td>Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes to physician

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

No specific treatment.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eye contact</td>
<td>Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>No specific data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contains gas under pressure. Flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe gas. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Refer to ANSI/CGA G-2.1, Section 5.13 for electrical classification of anhydrous ammonia storage and handling areas. Where anhydrous ammonia is stored indoors, use electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment with the appropriate electrical classification rating and use only non-sparking tools.
### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ammonia         | California PEL for Chemical Contaminants (Table AC-1) (United States).  
pel: 25 ppm 8 hours.  
Stel: 35 ppm 15 minutes.  
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).  
Twa: 25 ppm 8 hours.  
Twa: 17 mg/m³ 8 hours.  
Stel: 35 ppm 15 minutes.  
Stel: 24 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  
Stel: 35 ppm 15 minutes.  
Stel: 27 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  
Twa: 25 ppm 10 hours.  
Twa: 18 mg/m³ 10 hours.  
Stel: 35 ppm 15 minutes.  
Stel: 27 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  
OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).  
Twa: 50 ppm 8 hours.  
Twa: 35 mg/m³ 8 hours. |

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

**Skin protection**

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Hand protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
**Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

- **Other skin protection**: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

- **Respiratory protection**: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

**Appearance**
- **Physical state**: Gas. [Compressed gas.]
- **Color**: Colorless.
- **Odor**: Pungent.
- **Odor threshold**: Not available.
- **pH**: Approx. 11.6
- **Melting point**: -77.7°C (-107.9°F)
- **Boiling point**: -33°C (-27.4°F)
- **Critical temperature**: 132.85°C (271.1°F)
- **Flash point**: Not available.
- **Evaporation rate**: Not available.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials.

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**: Lower: 16%  
Upper: 25%

- **Vapor pressure**: 114.1 (psig)
- **Vapor density**: 0.59 (Air = 1)
- **Specific Volume (ft³/lb)**: 20.79
- **Gas Density (lb/ft³)**: 0.0481 (32°C / 89.6 to °F)
- **Relative density**: SPECIFIC GRAVITY (AIR=1): @ 70°F (21.1°C) = 0.59
- **Solubility**: Soluble in water. Soluble in alcohol and ether.
- **Solubility in water**: 540 g/l
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature**: 651°C (1203.8°F)

**Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

**Viscosity**: Not applicable.

**Flow time (ISO 2431)**: Not available.

**Molecular weight**: 17.03 g/mole

**Aerosol product**: Not applicable.

**Heat of combustion**: -18589392 J/kg

**Section 10. Stability and reactivity**

- **Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

- **Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

- **Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

- **Conditions to avoid**: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials : Oxidizers and Yellow Metals (brass & copper)

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ammonia</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Gas.</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>7338 ppm</td>
<td>1 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion
Not available.

Sensitization
Not available.

Mutagenicity
Not available.

Carcinogenicity
Not available.

Reproductive toxicity
Not available.

Teratogenicity
Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
Not available.

Aspiration hazard
Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure
Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact : Causes severe burns.
Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain, watering, redness
Inhalation : No specific data.
Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/10/2019  Date of previous issue : 10/9/2018  Version : 1.09
Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure**
- Potential immediate effects: Not available.
- Potential delayed effects: Not available.

**Long term exposure**
- Potential immediate effects: Not available.
- Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
Not available.

**General**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects**
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**
Not available.

Other information: IDLH: 300 ppm

Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ammonia</td>
<td>Acute EC50 29.2 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Algae - Ulva fasciata - Zoea</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 2080 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 0.53 ppm Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 300 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Hypophthalmichthys nobilis</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 0.204 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Fish - Dicentrarchus labrax</td>
<td>62 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Persistence and degradability**
Not available.

**Bioaccumulative potential**
Not available.

**Mobility in soil**

| Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) | Not available. |

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

### Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT</th>
<th>TDG</th>
<th>Mexico</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN1005</td>
<td>UN1005</td>
<td>UN1005</td>
<td>UN1005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS</td>
<td>AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS; OR ANHYDROUS AMMONIA</td>
<td>AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS</td>
<td>AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>2.3 (8)</td>
<td>2.3 (8)</td>
<td>2.3 (8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

**Additional information**

**DOT Classification**

Inhalation hazard

This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a. **Reportable quantity** 100 lbs / 45.4 kg. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. **Limited quantity** Yes. **Quantity limitation** Passenger aircraft/rail: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft: Forbidden. **Special provisions** 13, T50

**TDG Classification**

Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.40-2.42 (Class 8), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. **Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index** 0 **ERAP Index** 3000 **Passenger Carrying Ship Index** Forbidden **Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index** Forbidden
Section 14. Transport information

**Special provisions**
- Mexico Classification: Toxic Inhalation Hazard Zone D
- IMDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- IATA: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**Quantity limitation**
- Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: Forbidden.

**Special precautions for user**
- Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code**
- Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations**
- TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
- Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: ammonia
- Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: ammonia

**Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)**
- Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances**
- Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances**
- Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)**
- Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)**
- Not listed

**SARA 302/304**

**Composition/information on ingredients**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>EHS</th>
<th>SARA 302 TPQ</th>
<th>SARA 304 RQ</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ammonia</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 304 RQ: 100 lbs / 45.4 kg

**SARA 311/312**

**Classification**
- Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance.

**SARA 313**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Form R - Reporting requirements</td>
<td>ammonia</td>
<td>7664-41-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplier notification</td>
<td>ammonia</td>
<td>7664-41-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

**State regulations**
- Massachusetts: This material is listed.
Section 15. Regulatory information

New York : This material is listed.
New Jersey : This material is listed.
Pennsylvania : This material is listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)
Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : This material is listed or exempted.
Canada : This material is listed or exempted.
China : This material is listed or exempted.
Europe : This material is listed or exempted.
Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): This material is listed or exempted.
        Japan inventory (ISHL): This material is listed or exempted.
Malaysia : This material is listed or exempted.
New Zealand : This material is listed or exempted.
Philippines : This material is listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea : This material is listed or exempted.
Taiwan : This material is listed or exempted.
Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : This material is listed or exempted.
United States : This material is listed or exempted.
Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Physical hazards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)
Section 16. Other information

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

**Procedure used to derive the classification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 2</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**History**

| Date of printing | : 1/10/2019 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 1/10/2019 |
| Date of previous issue | : 10/9/2018 |
| Version | : 1.09 |

**Key to abbreviations**

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
UN = United Nations

**References**

Not available.

**Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.