Section 1. Identification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GHS product identifier</th>
<th>Cyclopropane</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
<td>cyclopropane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other means of identification</td>
<td>Trimethylene; Trimethylene (cyclic); UN 1027; Cyclopropylene</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product use</td>
<td>Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synonym</td>
<td>Trimethylene; Trimethylene (cyclic); UN 1027; Cyclopropylene</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDS #</td>
<td>001100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Supplier’s details    | Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates  
                            259 North Radnor-Chester Road  
                            Suite 100  
                            Radnor, PA 19087-5283  
                            1-610-687-5253 |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | 1-866-734-3438 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status                  | This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1  
                                              GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas  
                                              ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  
                                              SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |

GHS label elements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard pictograms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![Pictograms]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signal word</th>
<th>Danger</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

| Hazard statements | Extremely flammable gas.  
                   | May form explosive mixtures with air.  
                   | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
                   | May cause frostbite.  
                   | May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.  
                   | Harmful if inhaled.  
                   | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. |

Precautionary statements

| General | Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS’S) before use. Read label before use.  
          | Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Always keep container in upright position. Approach suspected leak area with caution. |

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/29/2015.  
Date of previous issue : 10/28/2014.  
Version : 0.02 1/13
Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention: Never Put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing gas.

Response: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified: Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: Substance
cyclopropane
Trimethylene; Trimethylene (cyclic); UN 1027; Cyclopropane

CAS number/other identifiers:
CAS number: 75-19-4
Product code: 001100

Ingredient name | % | CAS number
--- | --- | ---
cyclopropane | 100 | 75-19-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of contact with liquid, warm frozen tissues slowly with lukewarm water and get medical attention. Do not rub affected area. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. If frostbite occurs, get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. As this product rapidly becomes a gas when released, refer to the inhalation section.

Ingestion:
 Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are present, provide respirators. If mouth-to-mouth resuscitation is necessary, use a resuscitation bag with a one-way valve, a demand valve or a reservoir breathing mask. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.
Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- Carbon dioxide
- Carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. For incidents involving large quantities, thermally insulated undergarments and thick textile or leather gloves should be worn.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Cyclopropane

Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
None.

Appropriate engineering controls
Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls
Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/29/2015. Date of previous issue : 10/28/2014. Version : 0.02
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection**: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. If contact with the liquid is possible, insulated gloves suitable for low temperatures should be worn. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection**: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

**Physical state**: Gas. [Liquefied gas]

**Color**: Colorless.

**Molecular weight**: 42.09 g/mole

**Molecular formula**: C3-H6

**Boiling/condensation point**: -32.8°C (-27°F)

**Melting/freezing point**: -127.4°C (-197.3°F)

**Critical temperature**: 124.75°C (256.6°F)

**Odor**: SOLVENT

**Odor threshold**: Not available.

**pH**: Not available.

**Flash point**: Not available.

**Burning time**: Not applicable.

**Burning rate**: Not applicable.

**Evaporation rate**: Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not available.

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**

- Lower: 2.41%
- Upper: 10.4%

**Vapor pressure**: Not available.

**Vapor density**: 1.5 (Air = 1)

**Specific Volume (ft³/lb)**: 1388.8889

**Gas Density (lb/ft³)**: 0.00072

**Relative density**: Not applicable.

**Solubility**: Not available.

**Solubility in water**: Not available.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: 1.72
**Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

Auto-ignition temperature : 497°C (926.6°F)
Decomposition temperature : Not available.
SADT : Not available.
Viscosity : Not applicable.

**Section 10. Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability : The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow gas to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatibility with various substances : Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity**
Not available.

**Irritation/Corrosion**
Not available.

**Sensitization**
Not available.

**Mutagenicity**
Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**
Not available.

**Classification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cyclopropane</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reproductive toxicity**
Not available.

**Teratogenicity**
Not available.

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 4/29/2015,
**Date of previous issue** : 10/28/2014,
**Version** : 0.02
Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cyclopropane</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

- **Eye contact**: Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
- **Inhalation**: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- **Skin contact**: Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite.
- **Ingestion**: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- **Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite
- **Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, vertigo, unconsciousness
- **Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite
- **Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure**

- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

**Long term exposure**

- **Potential immediate effects**: Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects**: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General

No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity
Acute toxicity estimates
Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity
Not available.

Persistence and degradability
Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cyclopropane</td>
<td>1.72</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil
Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>OC</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.
Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>DOT</th>
<th>TDG</th>
<th>Mexico</th>
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<td>2.1</td>
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<td>Packging group</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>Limited quantity Yes.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg</td>
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<tr>
<td>Packaging instruction</td>
<td>Passenger and Cargo Aircraft</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passenger aircraft</td>
<td>Quantity limitation: Forbidden.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cargo aircraft</td>
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<tr>
<td>Special provisions</td>
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<tr>
<td>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</td>
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<tr>
<td>ERAP Index</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Passenger Carrying Ship Index</td>
<td>Forbbiden</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</td>
<td>Forbbiden</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

“Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product.”

Special precautions for user: Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted. Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: cyclopropane

Clean Air Act  Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): Not listed

Date of issue/Date of revision: 4/29/2015. Date of previous issue: 10/28/2014. Version: 0.02
Section 15. Regulatory information

**SARA 302/304**

**Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312**

**Classification** : Fire hazard

- Sudden release of pressure
- Immediate (acute) health hazard

**Composition/information on ingredients**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Fire hazard</th>
<th>Sudden release of pressure</th>
<th>Reactive</th>
<th>Immediate (acute) health hazard</th>
<th>Delayed (chronic) health hazard</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cyclopropane</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**State regulations**

- **Massachusetts** : This material is listed.
- **New York** : This material is not listed.
- **New Jersey** : This material is listed.
- **Pennsylvania** : This material is listed.
- **Canada inventory** : This material is listed or exempted.

**International regulations**

**International lists**

- **Australia inventory (AICS)**: This material is listed or exempted.
- **China inventory (IECSC)**: Not determined.
- **Japan inventory**: This material is listed or exempted.
- **Korea inventory**: This material is listed or exempted.
- **Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: Not determined.
- **New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: This material is listed or exempted.
- **Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: This material is listed or exempted.
- **Taiwan inventory (CSNN)**: Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals** : Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals** : Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals** : Not listed

**Canada**

**WHMIS (Canada)**

- **Class A**: Compressed gas.
- **Class B-1**: Flammable gas.
- **CEPA Toxic substances**: This material is not listed.
- **Canadian ARET**: This material is not listed.
- **Canadian NPRI**: This material is not listed.
- **Alberta Designated Substances**: This material is not listed.
- **Ontario Designated Substances**: This material is not listed.
- **Quebec Designated Substances**: This material is not listed.

**Date of issue/Date of revision**: 4/29/2015

**Date of previous issue**: 10/28/2014

**Version**: 0.02
Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements: Class A: Compressed gas.
Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Physical hazards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of printing: 4/29/2015.
Date of issue/Date of revision: 4/29/2015.
Date of previous issue: 10/28/2014.
Version: 0.02

Key to abbreviations:
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
UN = United Nations/AGCIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA – American Industrial Hygiene Association
CAS – Chemical Abstract Services
CEPA – Canadian Environmental Protection Act
CERCLA – Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (EPA)
Section 16. Other information

CPR – Controlled Products Regulations
DSL – Domestic Substances List
GWP – Global Warming Potential
IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer
ICAO – International Civil Aviation Organisation
Inh – Inhalation
LC – Lethal concentration
LD – Lethal dosage
NDSL – Non-Domestic Substances List
NIOSH – National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
TDG – Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Regulations
TLV – Threshold Limit Value
TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act
WEEL – Workplace Environmental Exposure Level
WHMIS – Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

References

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.
Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.