## SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### Acetaldehyde

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

Chemical name

Other means of identification

: Acetaldehyde

: acetaldehyde

: ethanal; Ethyl aldehyde; Acetic aldehyde; Acetaldehyde (I); Ethanal (I); ACETIC ETHANOL; Eastman Acetaldehyde; Acetaldehyde (CAS 75-07-0); Aldehyde ethylique;

Aldehyde acetique; Acetylhydride

**Product type** 

Product use

Synonym

: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

: ethanal; Ethyl aldehyde; Acetic aldehyde; Acetaldehyde (I); Ethanal (I); ACETIC

ETHANOL; Eastman Acetaldehyde; Acetaldehyde (CAS 75-07-0); Aldehyde ethylique;

Aldehyde acetique; Acetylhydride

SDS#

: 001115

: Liquid.

Supplier's details

: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

**24-hour telephone** : 1-866-734-3438

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

**GHS label elements** 

**Hazard pictograms** 







Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

May form explosive mixtures with air.

<u>Precautionary statements</u>

**General** 

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention** 

: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical,

ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Storage** 

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool

**Disposal** 

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Substance

Chemical name

: acetaldehyde

Other means of identification

: ethanal; Ethyl aldehyde; Acetic aldehyde; Acetaldehyde (I); Ethanal (I); ACETIC ETHANOL; Eastman Acetaldehyde; Acetaldehyde (CAS 75-07-0); Aldehyde ethylique; Aldehyde acetique; Acetylhydride

Product code : 001115

**CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : 75-07-0

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
acetaldehyde	100	75-07-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, watering, redness

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, respiratory tract irritation, coughing Inhalation

Skin contact : No specific data. Ingestion No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or

self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Store locked up. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

**Occupational exposure limits** 

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
acetaldehyde	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).  C: 45 mg/m³ C: 25 ppm OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 360 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  STEL: 270 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 180 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. [COLORLESS LIQUID OR GAS WITH A PENETRATING, FRUITY ODOR]

Color : Colorless. : Pungent. Odor **Odor threshold** : 0.21 ppm : Not available. pН

: -123.37°C (-190.1°F) **Melting point** : 20.1°C (68.2°F) **Boiling point Critical temperature** : 187.85°C (370.1°F)

: Closed cup: -39°C (-38.2°F) Flash point

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Lower: 4% (flammable) limits Upper: 60%

: 120 kPa (900.07 mm Hg) [room temperature] Vapor pressure

Vapor density 1.5 (Air = 1) Specific Volume (ft 3/lb) : Not available : Not available. Gas Density (lb/ft 3)

**Relative density** : 0.78

**Solubility** : Not available. : Not available. Solubility in water

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: 0.45

**Auto-ignition temperature** : 175°C (347°F) **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity** Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available. Molecular weight : 44.06 g/mole

**Aerosol product** 

**Heat of combustion** : -24655600 J/kg

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous** reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition** products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetaldehyde	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal		13300 ppm 3540 mg/kg	4 hours

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetaldehyde	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
acetaldehyde	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
acetaldehyde	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contactIngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, watering, redness

Inhalation
: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, respiratory tract irritation, coughing

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Dermal	3540 mg/kg

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetaldehyde	Acute EC50 236600 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 48250 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	96 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100000 μg/l Marine water	Larvae Crustaceans - Crangon crangon -	
	Acute LC50 30800 μg/l Fresh water	Adult Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetaldehyde	0.45	-	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS#		Reference number
Acetaldehyde (I); Ethanal (I)	75-07-0	Listed	U001

### **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1089	UN1089	UN1089	UN1089	UN1089
UN proper shipping name	ACETALDEHYDE	ACETALDEHYDE	ACETALDEHYDE	ACETALDEHYDE	ACETALDEHYDE
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	I	I	I	I	I
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

#### **Additional information**

**DOT Classification** 

: <u>Reportable quantity</u> 1000 lbs / 454 kg [153.76 gal / 582.05 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Limited quantity Yes.

**Quantity limitation** Passenger aircraft/rail: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft: 30 L.

Special provisions A3, B16, T11, TP2, TP7

**TDG Classification** 

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

**Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index** 0

**ERAP Index** 3000

<u>Passenger Carrying Vessel Index</u> Forbidden <u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> Forbidden

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### **Section 14. Transport information**

: Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: Forbidden. Cargo Aircraft Only: 30

L.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: acetaldehyde

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: acetaldehyde

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: acetaldehyde

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air

: Listed

**Pollutants (HAPs)** 

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

: Not listed

**Class I Substances** 

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

**Class II Substances** 

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

(Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

#### **SARA 302/304**

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance.

**SARA 313** 

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	acetaldehyde	75-07-0	100
Supplier notification	acetaldehyde	75-07-0	100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **State regulations**

**Massachusetts** : This material is listed. **New York** : This material is listed. : This material is listed. **New Jersey Pennsylvania** : This material is listed.

California Prop. 65

⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to Acetaldehyde, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Acetaldehyde	Yes.	-

#### **International regulations**

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia : This material is listed or exempted.

Canada : This material is listed or exempted.

China : This material is listed or exempted.

Europe : This material is listed or exempted.

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): This material is listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): This material is listed or exempted.

New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : This material is listed or exempted.
United States : This material is active or exempted.
Viet Nam : This material is listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** 

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### Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1	Expert judgment
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Expert judgment
	Expert judgment
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Expert judgment
irritation) - Category 3	

#### **History**

revision

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

**References** : Not available.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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