# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# Propionitrile

# **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

: Propionitrile: propiononitrile

**Chemical name Other means of** 

: Propanenitrile; PROPIONITRILE; Propionic nitrile; Ethyl cyanide; Cyanoethane

other means of identification

Product type

: Liquid.

**Product use** 

: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

Synonym

: Propanenitrile; PROPIONITRILE; Propionic nitrile; Ethyl cyanide; Cyanoethane

SDS # : 001223

Supplier's details

: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

24-hour telephone

1-866-734-3438

# Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 2
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 2
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms







Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: May form explosive mixtures with air. Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Fatal if swallowed or in contact with skin.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Precautionary statements** 

**General** 

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention** 

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/4/2017 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 1/12

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Response

: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

# **Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture

: Substance

Chemical name

: propiononitrile

Other means of identification

: Propanenitrile; PROPIONITRILE; Propionic nitrile; Ethyl cyanide; Cyanoethane

Product code : 001223

# **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : 107-12-0

| Ingredient name | %   | CAS number |
|-----------------|-----|------------|
| propionitrile   | 100 | 107-12-0   |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

## **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** 

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/4/2017 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 2/12

# Section 4. First aid measures

# Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

# Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Fatal in contact with skin.

Frostbite : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

**Ingestion**: Fatal if swallowed.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, watering, redness

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

## See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

# **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/4/2017 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 3/12

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

# Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

# For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

# **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

# Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

# **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Do not ingest. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not breathe vapor or mist.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/4/2017 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 4/12

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Store locked up. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------|---|
| propionitrile   | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).<br>Absorbed through skin.  |
|                 | TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 6 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 14 mg/m³ 10 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours. |

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

# Skin protection

Hand protection

# : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/4/2017 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 5/12

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

: Liquid. [COLORLESS LIQUID WITH A PLESANT, ETHERAL, SWEETISH ODOR **Physical state** 

[NOTE: FORMS CYANIDE IN THE BODY.]]

Color Colorless. Odor : Characteristic. **Odor threshold** : Not available. : Not available. **Melting point** : -91.8°C (-133.2°F) **Boiling point** : 97.2°C (207°F) **Critical temperature** : Not available.

: Closed cup: 2°C (35.6°F) Flash point : 1.91 (butyl acetate = 1) **Evaporation rate** 

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Lower: 3.1% (flammable) limits Upper: 3.1%

Vapor pressure : 5.2 kPa (39.003169007 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density 1.9 (Air = 1)Specific Volume (ft 3/lb) : 1.2953 Gas Density (lb/ft 3) : 0.772 **Relative density** : 0.78

: Not available. Solubility Solubility in water 100 g/l

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

: 0.16

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity** Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available. : 55.08 g/mole Molecular weight

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

**Chemical stability** The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

6/12 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/4/2017 Version:1 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

not be produced.

**Hazardous polymerization**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result  | Species | Dose                               | Exposure          |
|-------------------------|---|---------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| propionitrile           | LC50 Inhalation Vapor<br>LD50 Dermal<br>LD50 Oral | Rabbit  | 3300 mg/m³<br>40 mg/kg<br>39 mg/kg | 4 hours<br>-<br>- |

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-------------|
| propionitrile           | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100 milligrams | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams | -           |

## **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

## **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

# **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

## **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

# Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Fatal in contact with skin.

**Ingestion** : Fatal if swallowed.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/4/2017 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 7/12

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, watering, redness

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result   | Species                    | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--|----------------------------|----------|
| propionitrile           | Acute LC50 1520000 to 1580000 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| propionitrile           | 0.16   | -   | low       |

# **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/4/2017 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 8/12

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

# **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List

| Ingredient                    | CAS#     |        | Reference number |
|-------------------------------|----------|--------|------------------|
| Ethyl cyanide; Propanenitrile | 107-12-0 | Listed | P101             |

# **Section 14. Transport information**

|                            | DOT           | TDG           | Mexico                          | IMDG          | IATA          |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| UN number                  | UN2404        | UN2404        | UN2404                          | UN2404        | UN2404        |
| UN proper shipping name    | PROPIONITRILE | PROPIONITRILE | Propionitrile (propiononitrile) | PROPIONITRILE | PROPIONITRILE |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 (6.1)       | 3 (6.1)       | 3 (6.1)                         | 3 (6.1)       | 3 (6.1)       |
| Packing group              | II            | II            | III                             | II            | II            |
| Environmental hazards      | Yes.          | No.           | No.                             | No.           | No.           |

<sup>&</sup>quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

#### **Additional information**

**DOT Classification** 

: This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a.

Reportable quantity 10 lbs / 4.54 kg [1.5536 gal / 5.8808 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Limited quantity Yes.

**Quantity limitation** Passenger aircraft/rail: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft: 60 L. **Special provisions** IB2, T7, TP1, TP13

Special provisions IB2, 17, 191, 1913

**TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.26-2.36 (Class 6).

**Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index** 1

ERAP Index 1000

Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden

Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/4/2017 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 9/12

# Section 14. Transport information

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: Forbidden. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60

L.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and

: Not available.

the IBC Code

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: propiononitrile

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: propiononitrile

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

Class II Substances

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

# **SARA 302/304**

# **Composition/information on ingredients**

|               |     |      | SARA 302 TPQ |           | SARA 304 RQ |           |
|---------------|-----|------|--------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Name          | %   | EHS  | (lbs)        | (gallons) | (lbs)       | (gallons) |
| propionitrile | 100 | Yes. | 500          | 77.7      | 10          | 1.6       |

**SARA 304 RQ** : 10 lbs / 4.5 kg [1.6 gal / 5.9 L]

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance.

State regulations

**Massachusetts** : This material is listed. **New York** : This material is listed. : This material is listed. **New Jersey Pennsylvania** : This material is listed.

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision 10/12 : 12/4/2017 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1

# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

## Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia : This material is listed or exempted.

Canada : This material is listed or exempted.

China : This material is listed or exempted.

Europe : This material is listed or exempted.

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): This material is listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined.

New Zealand : This material is listed or exempted.

Philippines : This material is listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea : Not determined.

Taiwan : This material is listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : Not determined.

United States : This material is listed or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

## **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

# **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

# **Section 16. Other information**

| Classification                           | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2           | Expert judgment       |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 2       | Expert judgment       |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 2     | Expert judgment       |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 | On basis of test data |
| EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A             | Expert judgment       |

## **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

**UN = United Nations** 

**References** : Not available.

**▼** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/4/2017 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 12/12