SAFETY DATA SHEET



Flammable Liquid Mixture: Ethyl Benzene / M-Xylene / O-Xylene / P-Xylene

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: Flammable Liquid Mixture: Ethyl Benzene / M-Xylene / O-Xylene / P-Xylene

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product use

: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

SDS#

: 011364

Supplier's details

: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

May form explosive mixtures with air.

Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements

General

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed,

have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, sparks,

open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands

thoroughly after handling.

Response : IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. If

skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of

identification

MixtureNot available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Product code : 011364

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
m-xylene	0.01 - 99	108-38-3
p-xylene	0.01 - 99	106-42-3
o-xylene	0.01 - 99	95-47-6
ethylbenzene	0.01 - 30	100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled.Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Frostbite : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits
NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).
STEL: 655 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours.
TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
STEL: 655 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).
STEL: 655 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours.
TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
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STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours.
TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TVVA. 400 IIIg/III 0 IIoui3.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 655 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

ethylbenzene

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

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6/16

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : Lowest known value: 136.1°C (277°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 140.25°C

(284.4°F)

: May start to solidify at the following temperature: 13.2°C (55.8°F) This is based on data Melting/freezing point

for the following ingredient: p-xylene. Weighted average: -26.84°C (-16.3°F)

: Lowest known value: 343.05°C (649.5°F) (p-xylene). Critical temperature

Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold** : Not available. Hq : Not available.

: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F) Flash point

Burning time : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

: Not available. Vapor pressure

Vapor density : Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (m-xylene). Weighted average: 3.7 (Air = 1)

Gas Density (lb/ft 3) : Weighted average: 0.87

Relative density : Not available. Solubility : Not available. Not available. Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-: Not available. octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

: Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **SADT** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatibility with various substances

: Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
m-xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4988 mg/kg	-
p-xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	9100 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	4550 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3910 mg/kg	-
o-xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	8736 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	13400 ppm	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3567 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
m-xylene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 Micrograms	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/3/2015. Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 0.01 8/16

Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
m-xylene	-	3	-
p-xylene	-	3	-
o-xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled.Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	4012.6 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	11 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Acute EC50 4900 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 5770 to 7640 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 23600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	72 hours 48 hours
water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
Acute LC50 23600 μg/l Fresh water	1_ :	I
	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 8400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Acute EC50 3200 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
Acute EC50 4730 to 6310 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 2 ul/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
Acute EC50 4700 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
Acute LC50 38000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
Acute LC50 17200 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 7600 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
Acute EC50 6530 to 9460 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
Acute EC50 2930 to 4400 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 3200 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 4730 to 6310 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2 ul/L Marine water Acute EC50 4700 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 38000 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 17200 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 7600 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4600 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 6530 to 9460 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 2930 to 4400 μg/l Fresh	Acute EC50 3200 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 4730 to 6310 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2 ul/L Marine water Acute EC50 4700 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 38000 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 17200 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 7600 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 4600 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 6530 to 9460 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 2930 to 4400 μg/l Fresh water

Powered by IHS

Section 12. Ecological information

Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
	subcapitata	

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
m-xylene	3.2	8.1 to 25.9	low
p-xylene	3.15	8.1 to 25.9	low
o-xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS#		Reference number
Xylene	108-38-3	Listed	U239
Xylene	106-42-3	Listed	U239
Xylene	95-47-6	Listed	U239

Section 14. Transport information

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Section 14. Transport information

·	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3161	UN3161	UN3161	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Liquefied gas, flammable, n.o.s. (m- xylene, p-xylene)	Liquefied gas, flammable, n.o.s. (m- xylene, p-xylene)	Liquefied gas, flammable, n.o.s. (m- xylene, p-xylene)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (m-xylene, p- xylene)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (m-xylene, p- xylene)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	3	3
Packing group	-	-	-	Ш	III
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 101.01 lbs / 45.859 kg Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden	-	-	-

[&]quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: p-xylene

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: m-xylene; p-xylene; o-xylene; ethylbenzene

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

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Section 15. Regulatory information

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
m-xylene	0.01 - 99	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
p-xylene	0.01 - 99	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
o-xylene	0.01 - 99	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
ethylbenzene	0.01 - 30	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	m-xylene p-xylene o-xylene ethylbenzene	108-38-3 106-42-3 95-47-6 100-41-4	0.01 - 99 0.01 - 99 0.01 - 99 0.01 - 30
Supplier notification	m-xylene p-xylene o-xylene ethylbenzene	108-38-3 106-42-3 95-47-6 100-41-4	0.01 - 99 0.01 - 99 0.01 - 99 0.01 - 30

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: M-XYLENE; P-XYLENE; O-XYLENE; ETHYL

BENZENE

New York : The following components are listed: m-Xylene; p-Xylene; o-Xylene; Ethylbenzene

New Jersey : The following components are listed: m-XYLENE; BENZENE, 1,3-DIMETHYL-; p-

XYLENE; BENZENE, 1,4-DIMETHYL-; o-XYLENE; BENZENE, 1,2-DIMETHYL-; ETHYL

BENZENE; BENZENE, ETHYL-

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: BENZENE, 1,3-DIMETHYL-; BENZENE, 1,

4-DIMETHYL-; BENZENE, 1,2-DIMETHYL-; BENZENE, ETHYL-

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	•	Maximum acceptable dosage level
ethylbenzene	Yes.		41 μg/day (ingestion) 54 μg/day (inhalation)	No.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Canada inventory

International regulations

International lists

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule

I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule

II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

: Not listed

: Not listed : Not listed

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-2: Flammable liquid

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic). **CEPA Toxic substances**: None of the components are listed.

Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Xylene (all isomers); Xylene (all

isomers): Xvlene (all isomers): Ethylbenzene

Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

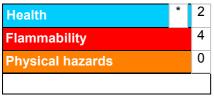
Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements

: Class B-2: Flammable liquid

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

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Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United NationsACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists

AIHA - American Industrial Hygiene Association

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

(EPA)

CFR - United States Code of Federal Regulations

CPR – Controlled Products Regulations DSL – Domestic Substances List GWP – Global Warming Potential

IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer ICAO – International Civil Aviation Organisation

Inh - Inhalation

LC – Lethal concentration LD – Lethal dosage

NDSL - Non-Domestic Substances List

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

TDG - Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Regulations

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act

WEEL - Workplace Environmental Exposure Level

WHMIS - Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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