## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Flammable Liquid Mixture: Acetone / Ethanol / Heptane / Hexane / Isopropyl Alcohol / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Octane / Propane

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

: Flammable Liquid Mixture: Acetone / Ethanol / Heptane / Hexane / Isopropyl Alcohol /

N-Butane / N-Pentane / Octane / Propane

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**Product use** 

: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

SDS#

: 016628

Supplier's details

: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

: 1-866-734-3438

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms









Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. May form explosive mixtures in Air.

Causes skin irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed,

have product container or label at hand.

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

#### **Storage**

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of
identification

: Not available.

: Mixture

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Product code : 016628

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
octane	30 - 99	111-65-9
Propane	0.0001 - 50	74-98-6
N-Butane	0.0001 - 20	106-97-8
acetone	0.1 - 0.9999	67-64-1
ethanol	0.1 - 0.9999	64-17-5
n-hexane	0.1 - 0.9999	110-54-3
propan-2-ol	0.1 - 0.9999	67-63-0
heptane	0.1 - 0.9999	142-82-5
n-pentane	0.1 - 0.9999	109-66-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 1/29/2016Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 12/17

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### **Skin contact**

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation.

**Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, watering, redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache,

drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight, increase

in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, irritation, redness, reduced fetal weight,

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal

deaths, skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 3/17

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

carbon monoxide

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 4/17

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
octane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1450 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 375 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 75 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	CEIL: 385 ppm 15 minutes.
	CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 2350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Propane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 5/17

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. N-Butane NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. n-pentane ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 610 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 120 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 2950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 2250 mg/m3 15 minutes. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. heptane ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 2050 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1640 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 440 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 85 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 2000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 2000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1600 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). propan-2-ol TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m3 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m3 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m3 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 6/17

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). n-hexane Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 180 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 180 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ethanol ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). acetone STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 2400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 2400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 750 ppm 8 hours.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 7/17

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

**Boiling/condensation point** 

: Lowest known value: 124 to 126.6°C (255.2 to 259.9°F)(octane).

Melting/freezing point

: May start to solidify at the following temperature: -56.8°C (-70.2°F) This is based on

data for the following ingredient: octane.

Critical temperature : Lowest known value: 295.45°C (563.8°F) (octane).

Odor : Not available. : Not available. **Odor threshold** pН Not available. Flash point : Not available. **Burning time** : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable. : Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Highest known value: 3.94 (Air = 1) (octane).

Gas Density (lb/ft 3) : Weighted average: 0.24

Relative density : Not available.
Solubility : Not available.
Solubility in water : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 8/17

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

: Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

: Not available. **Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

**SADT Viscosity** 

: Not available. : Not available.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatibility with various** substances

: Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition** products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

**Hazardous polymerization** 

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
octane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	25260 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	118 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
N-Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
n-pentane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	364 g/m³	4 hours
heptane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	50242 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	103 g/m³	4 hours
propan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	45248 ppm	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
n-hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	96000 ppm	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15840 mg/kg	-
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	59528 ppm	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version 9/17

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
n-hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667	-
				minutes 100	
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				microliters	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
				per million	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
		D 11.1		milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
		D		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395	-
				milligrams	

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
ethanol propan-2-ol	-	1 3	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 10/17

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
octane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
n-pentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
heptane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
propan-2-ol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
n-hexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
acetone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
n-hexane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
octane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and

dizziness.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, watering, redness

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache,

drowsiness/fatique, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight, increase

in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, irritation, redness, reduced fetal weight,

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal

deaths, skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 11/17

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Developmental effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
heptane	Acute LC50 375000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours
propan-2-ol	Acute LC50 1400000 to 1950000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
n-hexane	Acute LC50 113000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours
ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 12/17

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
octane	5.18	198.7	low
Propane	1.09	-	low
N-Butane	2.89	-	low
n-pentane	3.45	171	low
heptane	4.66	552	high
propan-2-ol	0.05	-	low
n-hexane	4	501.187	high
ethanol	-0.35	-	low
acetone	-0.23	-	low

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

: 1/29/2016

Other adverse effects

Date of issue/Date of revision

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

: No previous validation

Version: 1

13/17

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3161	UN3161	UN3161	UN3161	UN3161
UN proper shipping name	Liquefied gas, flammable n.o.s. (octane, propane)				
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

Date of previous issue

### Section 14. Transport information

Additional
information

This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes. provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a. Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

**Explosive Limit and** Limited Quantity Index 0.125

ERAP Index 3000

Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden

Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden

The marine pollutant The environmentally mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. transportation

hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: heptane; pentane

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: propane; Butane

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 

Composition/information on ingredients

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1 14/17

<sup>&</sup>quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

### Section 15. Regulatory information

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
octane	30 - 99	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Propane	0.0001 - 50	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
N-Butane	0.0001 - 20	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
n-pentane	0.1 - 0. 9999	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
heptane	0.1 - 0. 9999	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
propan-2-ol	0.1 - 0. 9999	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
n-hexane	0.1 - 0. 9999	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
ethanol	0.1 - 0. 9999	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
acetone	0.1 - 0. 9999	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: OCTANE; PROPANE; BUTANE

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: OCTANE; PROPANE; BUTANE; ETHYL

ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: OCTANE; PROPANE; BUTANE; DENATURED

ALCOHOL; ETHANOL

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 1/29/2016Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 115/17

### Section 15. Regulatory information

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**CEPA Toxic substances**: None of the components are listed.

Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Octane (all isomers); Propane;

Butane (all isomers)

Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

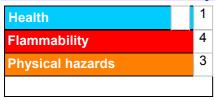
Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

### Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** 



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

Date of printing : 1/29/2016 Date of issue/Date of : 1/29/2016

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 16/17

### **Section 16. Other information**

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United NationsACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists

AIHA – American Industrial Hygiene Association

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

(EPA)

CFR - United States Code of Federal Regulations

CPR – Controlled Products Regulations

DSL - Domestic Substances List

GWP - Global Warming Potential

IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO – International Civil Aviation Organisation

Inh - Inhalation

LC - Lethal concentration

LD - Lethal dosage

NDSL - Non-Domestic Substances List

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

TDG – Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Regulations

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

WEEL – Workplace Environmental Exposure Level

WHMIS - Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

#### References

: Not available. Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/29/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1 17/17