SAFETY DATA SHEET
Nonflammable Gas Mixture: 1,1,1-Trichloroethane / Carbon Tetrachloride / Nitrogen / Oxygen / Trichloroethylene

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Nonflammable Gas Mixture: 1,1,1-Trichloroethane / Carbon Tetrachloride / Nitrogen / Oxygen / Trichloroethylene
Other means of identification : Not available.
Product use : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
SDS # : 019206
Supplier's details : Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates
259 North Radnor-Chester Road
Suite 100
Radnor, PA 19087-5283
1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone : 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture : GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning
Hazard statements : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary statements
General : Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS’S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction.
Prevention : Not applicable.
Response : Not applicable.
Storage : Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal : Not applicable.
Hazard not otherwise classified : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of identification : Not available.
CAS number/other identifiers
CAS number : Not applicable.
Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen</td>
<td>76.2 - 80.5</td>
<td>7727-37-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxygen</td>
<td>19.5 - 23.5</td>
<td>7782-44-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trichloroethylene</td>
<td>0.0001 - 0.0999</td>
<td>79-01-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon tetrachloride</td>
<td>0.0001 - 0.0999</td>
<td>56-23-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,1,1-Trichloroethane</td>
<td>0.0001 - 0.0999</td>
<td>71-55-6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion** : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

**Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

**Ingestion** : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : No specific data.

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aидers** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)
**Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

**Extinguishing media**
- **Suitable extinguishing media**: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- **Unsuitable extinguishing media**: None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
- **Hazardous thermal decomposition products**: Contains gas under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**
- Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
- Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

**Section 6. Accidental release measures**

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
- **For non-emergency personnel**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- **For emergency responders**: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**
- Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
- **Small spill**: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk.
- **Large spill**: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

**Section 7. Handling and storage**

**Precautions for safe handling**
- **Protective measures**: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
- **Advice on general occupational hygiene**: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Nitrogen
oxen
trichloroethylene

Carbon tetrachloride

1,1,1-trichloroethane

Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

STEL: 25 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.


STEL: 1080 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).

AMP: 300 ppm 5 minutes.
CEIL: 200 ppm
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 31 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 63 mg/m³ 15 minutes.


TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 12.6 mg/m³ 8 hours.

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
CEIL: 25 ppm
AMP: 200 ppm 5 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

STEL: 2 ppm 60 minutes.
STEL: 12.6 mg/m³ 60 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

STEL: 2460 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 450 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 1910 mg/m³ 8 hours.
TWA: 350 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

CEIL: 1900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
CEIL: 350 ppm 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.
TWA: 350 ppm 8 hours.


STEL: 2450 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 450 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.
TWA: 350 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Gas.
Color: Not available.
Melting/freezing point: -210.01°C (-346°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: nitrogen. Weighted average: -211.91°C (-349.4°F)
Critical temperature: Lowest known value: -146.95°C (-232.5°F) (nitrogen).
Odor: Not available.
Odor threshold: Not available.
\( \text{pH} \): Not available.
Flash point: Not available.
\( \text{Burning time} \): Not applicable.
\( \text{Burning rate} \): Not applicable.
Evaporation rate: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.
\( \text{Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits} \): Not available.
Vapor pressure: Not available.
Vapor density: Highest known value: 1.1 \( \text{(Air} = 1 \) (oxygen). Weighted average: 1 \( \text{(Air} = 1 \)

Date of issue/Date of revision: 10/4/2016
Date of previous issue: No previous validation
Version: 0.01
5/13
Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gas Density (lb/ft³)</td>
<td>Weighted average: 0.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in water</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SADT</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>trichloroethylene</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>140700 mg/m³</td>
<td>1 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;20 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4920 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Gas.</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>8000 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>carbon tetrachloride</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;20 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5070 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>2350 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,1,1-trichloroethane</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Gas.</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>36000 ppm</td>
<td>1 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Gas.</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>17000 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>9600 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion
Section 11. Toxicological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>trichloroethylene</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>milligrams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>milligrams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>carbon tetrachloride</td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>milligrams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.5 minutes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4 milligrams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100 milligrams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,1,1-trichloroethane</td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>milligrams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4 milligrams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100 milligrams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>288 hours 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Grams Intermittent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>milligrams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensitization
Not available.

Mutagenicity
Not available.

Carcinogenicity
Not available.

Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,1,1-trichloroethane</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>carbon tetrachloride</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2B</td>
<td>Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trichloroethylene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reproductive toxicity
Not available.

Teratogenicity
Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>trichloroethylene</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>carbon tetrachloride</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
<td>Not determined</td>
<td>Not determined</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aspiration hazard
Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure
Not available.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data.
Inhalation: No specific data.
Skin contact: No specific data.
Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
Not available.

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates
Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>trichloroethylene</td>
<td>Acute EC50 95000 µg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Algae - Skeletonema costatum</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 36.5 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase</td>
<td>92 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 20 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Elminius modestus</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 18 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 3100 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Jordanella floridae - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic EC10 12.3 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Section 12. Ecological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP_{ow}</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen</td>
<td>0.67</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>oxygen</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trichloroethylene</td>
<td>2.53</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>carbon tetrachloride</td>
<td>2.83</td>
<td>49.9 to 75.1</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,1,1-trichloroethane</td>
<td>2.49</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP_{ow}</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen</td>
<td>0.67</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>oxygen</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trichloroethylene</td>
<td>2.53</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>carbon tetrachloride</td>
<td>2.83</td>
<td>49.9 to 75.1</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,1,1-trichloroethane</td>
<td>2.49</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})**: Not available.

### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods**: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.
## Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>DOT</th>
<th>TDG</th>
<th>Mexico</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN1956</td>
<td>UN1956</td>
<td>UN1956</td>
<td>UN1956</td>
<td>UN1956</td>
<td>UN1956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (nitrogen, oxygen)</td>
<td>COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (nitrogen, oxygen)</td>
<td>COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (nitrogen, oxygen)</td>
<td>COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (nitrogen, oxygen)</td>
<td>COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (nitrogen, oxygen)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>2.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>Reportable quantity</td>
<td>10010 lbs / 4544.5 kg</td>
<td>Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.</td>
<td>Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).</td>
<td>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

**Special precautions for user**: Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**: Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations**: TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules: trichloroethylene
TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: 1,1,1-trichloroethane; carbon tetrachloride; trichloroethylene
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: carbon tetrachloride; trichloroethylene

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): Not listed
Section 15. Regulatory information

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Sudden release of pressure

Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Fire hazard</th>
<th>Sudden release of pressure</th>
<th>Reactive</th>
<th>Immediate (acute) health hazard</th>
<th>Delayed (chronic) health hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen oxygen trichloroethylene carbon tetrachloride 1,1,1-trichloroethane</td>
<td>76.2 - 80.5 / 19.5 - 23.5 / 0.0001 - 0.0999 / 0.0001 - 0.0999</td>
<td>No. / No. / No. / No.</td>
<td>Yes. / No. / No. / No.</td>
<td>No. / No. / No. / No.</td>
<td>No. / No. / Yes. / Yes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: OXYGEN (LIQUID); NITROGEN; NITROGEN (LIQUIFIED)

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: OXYGEN; NITROGEN

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: OXYGEN; NITROGEN

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Cancer</th>
<th>Reproductive</th>
<th>No significant risk level</th>
<th>Maximum acceptable dosage level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>carbon tetrachloride trichloroethylene</td>
<td>Yes. Yes.</td>
<td>No. Yes.</td>
<td>Yes. 14 µg/day (ingestion) 50 µg/day (inhalation)</td>
<td>No. No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

International regulations

International lists

National inventory

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas.
Section 15. Regulatory information

CEPA Toxic substances: None of the components are listed.
Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.
Canadian NPI: None of the components are listed.
Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.
Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.
Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Physical hazards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Instability/Reactivity</th>
<th>Special</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

History

| Date of printing | : 10/4/2016 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10/4/2016 |
| Date of previous issue | : No previous validation |
| Version | : 0.01 |

Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
Section 16. Other information

UN = United Nations

References
Not available.

Notice to reader
To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.
Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.