

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Airgas**<sup>®</sup>  
an Air Liquide company

Nonflammable Gas Mixture: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene / 1,3-Butadiene / 1,4-Diethylbenzene / 2-Methyl-1-Pentene / 2-MethylPentane / Acetylene / Benzene / Ethane / Hexane / M-Xylene / N-Butane / N-Pentane / N-Propyl Benzene / Nitrogen / Propane / Toluene

## Section 1. Identification

<b>GHS product identifier</b>	: Nonflammable Gas Mixture: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene / 1,3-Butadiene / 1,4-Diethylbenzene / 2-Methyl-1-Pentene / 2-MethylPentane / Acetylene / Benzene / Ethane / Hexane / M-Xylene / N-Butane / N-Pentane / N-Propyl Benzene / Nitrogen / Propane / Toluene
<b>Other means of identification</b>	: Not available.
<b>Product use</b>	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
<b>SDS #</b>	: 019728
<b>Supplier's details</b>	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
<b>24-hour telephone</b>	: 1-866-734-3438

## Section 2. Hazards identification

<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>Classification of the substance or mixture</b>	: GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
<b>GHS label elements</b>	
<b>Hazard pictograms</b>	: 
<b>Signal word</b>	: Warning
<b>Hazard statements</b>	: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	
<b>General</b>	: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction.
<b>Prevention</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Response</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Storage</b>	: Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
<b>Disposal</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Hazards not otherwise classified</b>	: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.  
**Product code** : 019728

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Nitrogen	99	7727-37-9
1,4-diethylbenzene	0.0001 - 0.05	105-05-5
toluene	0.0001 - 0.05	108-88-3
Propane	0.0001 - 0.05	74-98-6
propylbenzene	0.0001 - 0.05	103-65-1
n-pentane	0.0001 - 0.05	109-66-0
N-Butane	0.0001 - 0.05	106-97-8
m-xylene	0.0001 - 0.05	108-38-3
n-hexane	0.0001 - 0.05	110-54-3
ethane	0.0001 - 0.05	74-84-0
benzene	0.0001 - 0.05	71-43-2
acetylene	0.0001 - 0.05	74-86-2
2-methylpentane	0.0001 - 0.05	107-83-5
1,3-butadiene	0.0001 - 0.05	106-99-0
2-methylpent-1-ene	0.0001 - 0.05	763-29-1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.0001 - 0.05	95-63-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion** : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

## Section 4. First aid measures

**Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

**Ingestion** : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : No specific data.

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Contains gas under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: nitrogen oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Small spill

- Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk.

### Large spill

- Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

- Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Nitrogen 1,4-diethylbenzene toluene	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant] None. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).</b> AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. CEIL: 300 ppm TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b> TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. None.
Propane	
propylbenzene n-pentane	

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	<p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b> TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> CEIL: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. CEIL: 610 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 120 ppm 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b> TWA: 2950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> STEL: 2250 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).</b> STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> STEL: 655 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b> TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> STEL: 655 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> TWA: 180 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b> TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 180 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]</b></p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b> STEL: 8 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 2.5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
N-Butane	
m-xylene	
n-hexane	
ethane benzene	

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

acetylene	TWA: 0.1 ppm 10 hours. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b> STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. <b>OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).</b> AMP: 50 ppm 10 minutes. CEIL: 25 ppm TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> CEIL: 2662 mg/m <sup>3</sup> CEIL: 2500 ppm <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b> TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 3500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
2-methylpentane	<b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 3600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b> TWA: 4.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b> STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. None. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b> TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
1,3-butadiene	
2-methylpent-1-ene	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hygiene measures**

- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**

- : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection**

- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection**

- : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**

- : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

**Physical state**

- : Gas.

**Color**

- : Not available.

**Melting/freezing point**

- : -210.01°C (-346°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: nitrogen.

**Critical temperature**

- : Lowest known value: -146.95°C (-232.5°F) (nitrogen).

**Odor**

- : Not available.

**Odor threshold**

- : Not available.

**pH**

- : Not available.

**Flash point**

- : Not available.

**Burning time**

- : Not applicable.

**Burning rate**

- : Not applicable.

**Evaporation rate**

- : Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)**

- : Not available.

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**

- : Not available.

**Vapor pressure**

- : Not available.

**Vapor density**

- : Highest known value: 0.97 (Air = 1) (nitrogen).

**Gas Density (lb/ft<sup>3</sup>)**

- : Only known value: 0.072 (nitrogen).

**Relative density**

- : Not applicable.

**Solubility**

- : Not available.

**Solubility in water**

- : Not available.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**

- : Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.  
**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.  
**SADT** : Not available.  
**Viscosity** : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	28830 ppm	1 hours
propylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	91910 ppm	1 hours
n-pentane	LD50 Oral	Rat	6040 mg/kg	-
N-Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	364 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
m-xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
n-hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	4988 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	96000 ppm	1 hours
benzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	15840 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10000 ppm	7 hours
1,3-butadiene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
2-methylpent-1-ene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	128000 ppm	4 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	93000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
		Rat	5 g/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 microliters	-

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m-xylene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
n-hexane benzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	88 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-

### Sensitization

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
1,3-butadiene	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
benzene	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
m-xylene	-	3	-
toluene	-	3	-

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
propylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
n-pentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
n-hexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2-methylpentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
n-hexane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
benzene	Category 1	Not determined	bone marrow

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
propylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-methylpentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

<b>Eye contact</b>	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin contact</b>	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

<b>Eye contact</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Skin contact</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

<b>General</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
propylbenzene	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Acute EC50 1800 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
m-xylene	Acute LC50 1550 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5770 to 7640 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii	48 hours
n-hexane	Acute LC50 23600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 113000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours
benzene	Acute EC50 29000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1600000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute EC50 9230 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 21 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5.28 µL/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus gorbuscha - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 98 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Chronic NOEC 1.5 to 5.4 µL/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	4 weeks
	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pecteniferus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 22.4 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Tilapia zillii	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Nitrogen	0.67	-	low
1,4-diethylbenzene	4.58	478.63	low
toluene	2.73	90	low
Propane	1.09	-	low
propylbenzene	3.69	-	low
n-pentane	3.45	171	low
N-Butane	2.89	-	low
m-xylene	3.2	8.1 to 25.9	low
n-hexane	4	501.187	high
ethane	1.09	-	low
benzene	2.13	11	low
acetylene	0.37	-	low
1,3-butadiene	1.99	10	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	243	low

### Mobility in soil

## Section 12. Ecological information

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1956	UN1956	UN1956	UN1956	UN1956
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (1,2, 4-trimethylbenzene, nitrogen)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (1,2, 4-trimethylbenzene, nitrogen)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (1,2, 4-trimethylbenzene, nitrogen)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (1,2, 4-trimethylbenzene, nitrogen)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (1,2, 4-trimethylbenzene, nitrogen)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2 	2.2 	2.2 	2.2 	2.2 
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	<u>Reportable quantity</u> 20000 lbs / 9080 kg Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.  <u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 0.125  <u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> 75	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).	-	-	-

**“Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product.”**

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: pentane  
**TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined  
**United States inventory (TSCA 8b):** All components are listed or exempted.  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:** benzene; toluene  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** benzene; m-xylene; toluene

**Clean Air Act Section 112** : Not listed

**(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)**

**Clean Air Act Section 602** : Not listed  
**Class I Substances**

**Clean Air Act Section 602** : Not listed  
**Class II Substances**

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : Sudden release of pressure

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Nitrogen	99	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
1,4-diethylbenzene	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
toluene	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Propane	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
propylbenzene	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
n-pentane	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
N-Butane	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
m-xylene	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
n-hexane	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
ethane	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
benzene	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
acetylene	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
2-methylpentane	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
1,3-butadiene	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
2-methylpent-1-ene	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: NITROGEN; NITROGEN (LIQUIFIED)

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: NITROGEN

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: NITROGEN

### California Prop. 65

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**WARNING:** This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**WARNING:** This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
1,3-butadiene benzene	Yes. Yes.	Yes. Yes.	Yes. 6.4 µg/day (ingestion) 13 µg/day (inhalation)	No. 24 µg/day (ingestion) 49 µg/day (inhalation) 7000 µg/day (ingestion)
toluene	No.	Yes.	No.	

### International regulations

#### International lists

#### National inventory

**Australia**

: Not determined.

**Canada**

: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

**China**

: Not determined.

**Europe**

: All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan**

: Not determined.

**Malaysia**

: Not determined.

**New Zealand**

: All components are listed or exempted.

**Philippines**

: Not determined.

**Republic of Korea**

: All components are listed or exempted.

**Taiwan**

: All components are listed or exempted.

#### Canada

#### WHMIS (Canada)

: Class A: Compressed gas.

**CEPA Toxic substances:** None of the components are listed.

**Canadian RET:** None of the components are listed.

**Canadian NPRI:** None of the components are listed.

**Alberta Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.

**Ontario Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.

**Quebec Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.

## Section 16. Other information

**Canada Label requirements** : Class A: Compressed gas.

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	1
Flammability	0
Physical hazards	3

**Caution:** HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

## Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280	On basis of test data

### History

Date of printing	:	1/30/2017
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	1/30/2017
Date of previous issue	:	No previous validation
Version	:	1
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

► Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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