SAFETY DATA SHEET



Flammable Gas Mixture: 1,3-Butadiene / Acetylene / Argon / Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Ethane / Ethylene / Hydrogen / Methane / Nitrogen / Propadiene /

Propylene

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Flammable Gas Mixture: 1,3-Butadiene / Acetylene / Argon / Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Ethane / Ethylene / Hydrogen / Methane / Nitrogen / Propadiene / Propylene
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
SDS #	: 019768
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status		rial is considered hazardous 910.1200).	s by the OSHA Hazard C	Communication Standard
Classification of the substance or mixture	GASES U ACUTE T GERM CE CARCINC TOXIC TC TOXIC TC SPECIFIC Category	BLE GASES - Category 1 NDER PRESSURE - Comp OXICITY (inhalation) - Cate ELL MUTAGENICITY - Cate OGENICITY - Category 1 OREPRODUCTION (Fertilit OREPRODUCTION (Unbor TARGET ORGAN TOXICI 3 TARGET ORGAN TOXICI	gory 4 gory 1B y) - Category 1 n child) - Category 1 TY (SINGLE EXPOSUR	
GHS label elements				
Hazard pictograms				
Signal word	: Danger			
Hazard statements	May form Contains of May displa Asphyxiati May cause May cause May dama May cause	flammable gas. explosive mixtures with air. gas under pressure; may ex ace oxygen and cause rapid ng even with adequate oxyge e genetic defects. e cancer. age fertility or the unborn ch e drowsiness and dizziness. o aquatic life with long lastin	I suffocation. gen. ild.	
Precautionary statements				
General	Keep out o label at ha cylinder pi Use a bac	follow all Safety Data Shee of reach of children. If medi and. Close valve after each ressure. Do not open valve k flow preventative device in of construction. Approach s	ical advice is needed, ha use and when empty. U until connected to equip n the piping. Use only e	ave product container or Use equipment rated for oment prepared for use. quipment of compatible
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/2/2017	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version :1 1/14

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe gas. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: 019768

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
ethylene	1 - 90	74-85-1
propylene	0.0001 - 90	115-07-1
ethane	0.0001 - 90	74-84-0
methane	0.0001 - 90	74-82-8
hydrogen	0.0001 - 90	1333-74-0
carbon monoxide	10 - 70	630-08-0
Nitrogen	0.0001 - 25	7727-37-9
acetylene	0.0001 - 10	74-86-2
Carbon Dioxide	0.0001 - 1.99	124-38-9
1,2-propadiene	0.0001 - 0.9999	463-49-0
1,3-butadiene	0.1 - 0.9999	106-99-0
Argon	0.0001 - 0.9999	7440-37-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye	contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	cts	
Eye contact	-:	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Skin contact	:	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Frostbite	:	Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	otom	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Ingestion	-	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate med	<u>dical</u>	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
Large spill	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use

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Section 7. Handling and storage

	explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ethylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
propylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2005).
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. Form: All forms
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
ethane	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]
methane	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]
hydrogen	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]
carbon monoxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 29 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	CEIL: 229 mg/m ³
	CEIL: 200 ppm
	TWA: 40 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 35 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 55 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	CEIL: 229 mg/m ³
	CEIL: 200 ppm
	TWA: 40 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 35 ppm 8 hours.
Nitrogen	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]
acetylene	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
,	CEIL: 2662 mg/m ³
	CEIL: 2500 ppm
Carbon Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). Oxygen
	Depletion [Asphyxiant].
	STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Section 8. Expos	ure controls/personal protection
1,2-propadiene 1,3-butadiene	STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 18000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hours. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
Argon	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	 Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: (Gas.
Color	: 1	Not available.
Melting/freezing point		-81°C (-113.8°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: acetylene. Weighted average: -197.9°C (-324.2°F)
Critical temperature	:	Lowest known value: -240.15°C (-400.3°F) (hydrogen).
Odor	: 1	Not available.
Odor threshold	: 1	Not available.
рН	: 1	Not available.
Flash point	: 1	Not available.
Burning time	: 1	Not applicable.
Burning rate	: 1	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: 1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: 1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	: 1	Not available.
Vapor density	: 1	Highest known value: 1.5 (Air = 1) (propylene). Weighted average: 0.87 (Air = 1)
Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	: 1	Weighted average: 0.02
Relative density	: 1	Not applicable.
Solubility	: 1	Not available.
Solubility in water	: 1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: 1	Not available.
SADT	: 1	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/2/2017	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version :	1	7/14
Incompatible materials	: Oxidizers					
Conditions to avoid		ossible sources of ignition der, drill, grind or expose o				
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under nor	mal conditions of storage	and use, hazardous react	ions will not	occur.	
Chemical stability	: The produ	ct is stable.				
Reactivity	: No specifi	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
carbon monoxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3760 ppm	1 hours
1,3-butadiene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	128000 ppm	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
propylene	-	3	-
ethylene	-	3	-
1,3-butadiene	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
carbon monoxide	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Skin contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following:, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (gases)	5049.1 ppm

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

	-		
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylene	1.13	-	low
propylene	1.77	-	low
ethane	1.09	-	low
methane	1.09	-	low
Nitrogen	0.67	-	low
acetylene	0.37	-	low
Carbon Dioxide	0.83	-	low
1,2-propadiene	1.45	-	low
1,3-butadiene	1.99	10	low
Argon	0.74	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.
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Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (methane, ethylene)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (methane, ethylene)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (methane, ethylene)	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (methane, ethylene)	COMPRESSED GAS FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (methane, ethylene)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 1000.1 lbs / 454.05 kg Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125	-	-	-
Date of issue/Date of r	revision : 2/2/2017	BRAP Index 3000 Date of previo		evious validation Ver	sion :1

Section 14. Transport information

Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden	
Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden	

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	1	Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL		
73/78 and the IBC Code		

Section 15. Regulatory information

.S. Federal regulations	:	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exer	npt/Parti	ial exemption	: Not determin	ed	
		United States invent	ory (TSC	CA 8b): All con	nponents are l	isted or exemp	oted.
		Clean Air Act (CAA) ethane; ethylene; prop	-		ble substanc	es : hydrogen;	methane;
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed					
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed					
SARA 302/304							
Composition/information	on	<u>ingredients</u>					
No products were found.							
SARA 304 RQ	:	Not applicable.					
<u>SARA 311/312</u>							
Classification	:	Fire hazard Sudden release of pre Immediate (acute) hea Delayed (chronic) hea	alth haza				
Composition/information	on	<u>ingredients</u>					
Name		%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health	Delayed (chronic) health

: No previous validation

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Section 15. Regulatory information

ethylene	1 - 90	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
propylene	0.0001 - 90	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
ethane	0.0001 - 90	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
methane	0.0001 - 90	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
hydrogen	0.0001 - 90	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
carbon monoxide	10 - 70	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Nitrogen	0.0001 - 25	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
acetylene	0.0001 - 10	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Carbon Dioxide	0.0001 - 1.99	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
1,2-propadiene	0.0001 - 0.9999	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
1,3-butadiene	0.1 - 0.9999	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Argon	0.0001 - 0.9999	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	propylene	115-07-1	0.0001 - 90
	ethylene	74-85-1	1 - 90
	1,3-butadiene	106-99-0	0.1 - 0.9999
Supplier notification	propylene	115-07-1	0.0001 - 90
	ethylene	74-85-1	1 - 90
	1,3-butadiene	106-99-0	0.1 - 0.9999

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: HYDROGEN; METHANE; MARSH GAS; ETHANE; ETHYLENE; ETHENE; CARBON MONOXIDE; PROPYLENE; PROPENE; NITROGEN; NITROGEN (LIQUIFIED); CARBON DIOXIDE; ACETYLENE
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	The following components are listed: HYDROGEN; METHANE; ETHANE; ETHYLENE; ETHENE; CARBON MONOXIDE; PROPYLENE; 1-PROPENE; NITROGEN; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBONIC ACID GAS; ACETYLENE; ETHYNE; 1,3-BUTADIENE; BIETHYLENE
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: HYDROGEN; METHANE; ETHANE; ETHENE; CARBON MONOXIDE; 1-PROPENE; NITROGEN; CARBON DIOXIDE; ETHYNE; 1, 3-BUTADIENE

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	· · · · ·	•	Maximum acceptable dosage level
carbon monoxide 1,3-butadiene	-		-	No. No.

International regulations

International lists		
National inventory		
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.	
China	: Not determined.	
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Japan	: Not determined.	
Malaysia	: Not determined.	
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.	

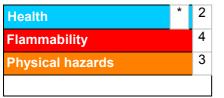
Section 15. Regulatory information

-	-
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
<u>Canada</u>	
WHMIS (Canada)	 Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Methane; Volatile organic compounds; Carbon dioxide; 1,3-Butadiene Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed. Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds; Ethylene; Carbon monoxide; Propylene; Acetylene Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements	: Class A: Compressed gas.
	Class B-1: Flammable gas.
	Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very
	toxic).
	Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Section 16. Other information

			lug tification
Classi	Classification		Justification
Flam. Gas 1, H220			On basis of test data
Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280			On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H332			Calculation method
Muta. 1B, H340			Calculation method
Carc. 1, H350			Calculation method
Repr. 1, H360 (Fertility)			Calculation method
Repr. 1, H360 (Unborn child)			Calculation method Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372			Calculation method
3101 RE 1, 11372			
<u>History</u>			
Date of printing	1	2/2/2017	
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	2/2/2017	
Date of previous issue	1	No previous validation	
Version	1	1	
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations	
References	1	Not available.	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.