SAFETY DATA SHEET



1/16

Piano IsoParaffinic Mixture

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: Piano IsoParaffinic Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type

: Liquid.

Product use

: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

SDS#

: 020064

Supplier's details

: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

24-hour telephone

: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

May form explosive mixtures with air.
 Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

General

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Response

: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage Disposal

- : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

_ _

Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

Product code : 020064

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
3-methylpentane	7.1462	96-14-0
3-methylheptane	5.4825	589-81-1
2,5-dimethyl heptane	5.0371	2216-30-0
3-Methyl-1-octane	5.0218	2216-33-3
3-methylnonane	4.6532	5911-04-6
2,2,3-trimethylbutane	4.4689	464-06-2
2-methylheptane	4.3972	592-27-8
2-methylpentane	4.3461	107-83-5
2,4-dimethylpentane	4.1976	108-08-7
2,5-dimethylhexane	3.7318	592-13-2
isopentane	3.4809	78-78-4
2-Methyloctane	3.3632	3221-61-2
4-methylheptane	3.2199	589-53-7
Octane, 2,3-dimethyl-	3.1021	7146-60-3
2-methylnonane	2.9997	871-83-0
Octane, 3-ethyl-	2.9793	5881-17-4
2-methylhexane	2.6926	591-76-4
Octane, 2,2-dimethyl-	2.6312	15869-87-1
octane,3,3-dimethyl-	2.5646	4110-44-5
3,3-dimethylpentane	2.1244	562-49-2
2,2-dimethylpentane	2.0322	590-35-2
2,3-dimethylpentane	2.0322	565-59-3
3-methylhexane	1.8275	589-34-4
3,4-dimethyl heptane	1.7609	922-28-1
2,2,3-trimethylpentane	1.7353	564-02-3
2,4-dimethylhexane	1.6586	589-43-5
2,3-dimethylhexane	1.6227	584-94-1
3,4-dimethyl heptane	1.5306	922-28-1
3,3-dimethyl heptane	1.505	4032-86-4
3,3-DIETHYLPENTANE	1.4077	1067-20-5
2,3-dimethyl heptane	1.3309	3074-71-3
2,2-dimethylhexane	1.3207	590-73-8
3-ethylhexane	0.71666	619-99-8
3,5-dimethyl heptane	0.68083	926-82-9
2,3-dimethylbutane	0.59893	79-29-8
3-ethylpentane	0.59893	617-78-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and

remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns

must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest

breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain

an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a

physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If

unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Frostbite : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and

enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain, watering, redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:, respiratory tract irritation, coughing,

nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, redness, blistering may

occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:, stomach pains, nausea or vomiting

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Store locked up. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
3-methylpentane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1760 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 3500 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 3600 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours. CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes.	
3-methylheptane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.	
2,5-dimethyl heptane	None.	

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

3-Methyl-1-octane 3-methylnonane

2,2,3-trimethylbutane

2-methylheptane

2-methylpentane

2,4-dimethylpentane

2,5-dimethylhexane

isopentane

2-Methyloctane 4-methylheptane

Octane, 2,3-dimethyl-2-methylnonane Octane, 3-ethyl-2-methylhexane

Octane, 2,2-dimethyloctane,3,3-dimethylpentane

2,2-dimethylpentane

2,3-dimethylpentane

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1760 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 3500 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 3600 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours. CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

None. None. None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

None. None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

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3-methylhexane

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

3,4-dimethyl heptane 2,2,3-trimethylpentane

2,4-dimethylhexane

2,3-dimethylhexane

3,4-dimethyl heptane

3,3-dimethyl heptane

3,3-DIETHYLPENTANE

2,3-dimethyl heptane

2,2-dimethylhexane

3-ethylhexane

3,5-dimethyl heptane

2,3-dimethylbutane

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

None. None. None. None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

STEL: 3500 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1760 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 3600 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

3-ethylpentane

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.
Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.

Melting point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -25°C (-13°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: 2,2,3-trimethylbutane. Weighted average: -113.86°C (-172.9°F)

Boiling point : Lowest known value: 27.8°C (82°F) (isopentane). Weighted average: 77.17°C (170.9°F)

Critical temperature : Lowest known value: 187.25°C (369.1°F) (isopentane).

Flash point : Not available.

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Highest known value: 3.9 (Air = 1) (2-methylheptane). Weighted average: 3.14 (Air =

1)

Gas Density (lb/ft 3) : Weighted average: 0.5

Relative density : Not available.

Solubility : Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1	LC50 Inhalation Vapor		50242 ppm	1 hours
isopentane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	280000 mg/m ³	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Piano IsoParaffinic Mixture	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
3-methylpentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
3-Methyl-1-octane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2,5-dimethylhexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
isopentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2-Methyloctane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylheptane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2-methylhexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
octane,3,3-dimethyl-	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
3,3-dimethylpentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2,2-dimethylpentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2,3-dimethylpentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
3,4-dimethyl heptane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2,2,3-trimethylpentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2,4-dimethylhexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2,3-dimethylhexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
3,4-dimethyl heptane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2,2-dimethylhexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
3-ethylhexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
3,5-dimethyl heptane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Piano IsoParaffinic Mixture	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3-methylpentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2,5-dimethyl heptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3-Methyl-1-octane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2,5-dimethylhexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-Methyloctane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
4-methylheptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-methylnonane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-methylhexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3,3-dimethylpentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2,2-dimethylpentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2,3-dimethylpentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3,4-dimethyl heptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2,2,3-trimethylpentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2,4-dimethylhexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2,3-dimethylhexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3,4-dimethyl heptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3,3-dimethyl heptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2,3-dimethyl heptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2,2-dimethylhexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3-ethylhexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3,5-dimethyl heptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact

: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and

enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain, watering, redness

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, respiratory tract irritation, coughing, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, redness, blistering may

occur

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, stomach pains, nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

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Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
3-methylpentane isopentane	3.6	- 171	low low
2,3-dimethylbutane	3.42	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S.				
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.

[&]quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Additional information DOT Classification

: This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a. **Quantity limitation** Passenger aircraft/rail: 5 L. Cargo aircraft: 60 L. **Special provisions** 144 - If transported as a residue in an underground storage tank (UST), as defined in 40 CFR 280.12, that has been cleaned and purged or rendered inert according to the American

280.12, that has been cleaned and purged or rendered inert according to the American Petroleum Institute (API) Standard 1604 (IBR, see 171.7 of this subchapter), then the tank and

this material are not subject to any other requirements of this subchapter. However,

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Section 14. Transport information

remaining in the tank that meet the definition for a hazardous material are subject to the applicable regulations of this subchapter.

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite

(31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110

kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the

following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature

during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when

the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).

TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used

provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous

material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the

MAWP

TDG Classification

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 4(a) final test rules: 3-methyloctane; 2-methyloctane

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: isopentane

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

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SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance.

State regulations

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: 3-METHYLPENTANE; 3-METHYLOCTANE; 2,2,

3-TRIMETHYLBUTANE; ISOHEXANE; 2,4-DIMETHYLPENTANE; ISOPENTANE; 2-METHYLOCTANE; ISOHEPTANE; 2,3-DIMETHYLPENTANE; 3-METHYLHEXANE; 2, 2,3-TRIMETHYLPENTANE; 2,4-DIMETHYLHEXANE; 2,3-DIMETHYLHEXANE; 3,

3-DIMETHYLHEPTANE; 3,3-DIETHYLPENTANE

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: 2-METHYLPENTANE; ISOHEXANE; 2,

4-DIMETHYLPENTANE; PENTANE, 2,4-DIMETHYL-; ISOPENTANE; BUTANE,

2-METHYL-; 2,3-DIMETHYLPENTANE; PENTANE, 2,3-DIMETHYL-;

3-METHYLHEXANE; HEXANE, 3-METHYL-

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: PENTANE, 3-METHYL-; OCTANE, 3-METHYL-;

BUTANE, 2,2,3-TRIMETHYL-; PENTANE, 2-METHYL-; PENTANE, 2,4-DIMETHYL-; BUTANE, 2-METHYL-; OCTANE, 2-METHYL-; HEXANE, 2-METHYL-; PENTANE, 2, 3-DIMETHYL-; HEXANE, 3-METHYL-; PENTANE, 2,2,3-TRIMETHYL-; HEXANE, 2, 4-DIMETHYL-; HEXANE, 2,3-DIMETHYL-; HEPTANE, 3,3-DIMETHYL-; PENTANE, 3, 3-DIMETHYL-; PENTANE, 3-DIMETHYL

3-DIETHYL-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : Not determined.
Canada : Not determined.
China : Not determined.
Europe : Not determined.

Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Not determined. Malaysia **New Zealand** : Not determined. **Philippines** : Not determined. Republic of Korea Not determined. **Taiwan** : Not determined. **Thailand** : Not determined. **Turkey** Not determined. **United States** : Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

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Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Expert judgment Expert judgment
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Expert judgment Expert judgment
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Expert judgment
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Expert judgment

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

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Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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