# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Flammable Gas Mixture: 1,2-Dichloroethane / Allyl Chloride / Argon / Ethyl Chloride / Ethylene / Ethylene Oxide / Methane / Methyl Chloride / Vinyl Chloride

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

: Flammable Gas Mixture: 1,2-Dichloroethane / Allyl Chloride / Argon / Ethyl Chloride / Ethylene / Ethylene Oxide / Methane / Methyl Chloride / Vinyl Chloride

Other means of identification

: X09ME57C15AC000

**Product type** 

: Gas.

**Product use** 

: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

Synonym

: X09ME57C15AC000

SDS#

: 030076

Supplier's details

: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

24-hour telephone

: 1-866-734-3438

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

**GHS** label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 







Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Extremely flammable gas.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

May form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**General** 

: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Approach suspected leak area with caution.

**Prevention** 

: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing gas.

Response

: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

Storage

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: X09ME57C15AC000

Product code : 030076

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
ethylene	1 - 99.999	74-85-1
methane	0.0001 - 98.999	74-82-8
Argon	0.0001 - 20	7440-37-1
vinyl chloride	0.0001 - 0.05	75-01-4
Methyl Chloride	0.0001 - 0.05	74-87-3
3-chloropropene	0.0001 - 0.05	107-05-1
Ethyl chloride	0.0001 - 0.05	75-00-3
1,2-dichloroethane	0.0001 - 0.05	107-06-2
ethylene oxide	0.0001 - 0.05	75-21-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** 

: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact** 

: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

**Frostbite** 

: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact : No specific data.

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache,

drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Store and use away from heat. sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.

**Advice on general** occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

**Conditions for safe storage**, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Exposure limits		
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		
TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.		
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Oxygen		
Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.		
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Oxygen		
Depletion [Asphyxiant].		
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		
TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.		
OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).		
STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes.		
TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.		
OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).		
STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes.		
TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.		
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 103 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 207 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 105 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 210 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CEIL: 200 ppm

AMP: 300 ppm 5 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 1 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 3 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 264 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

TWA: 264 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 2600 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 2600 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).

TWA: 40 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

STEL: 8 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 4 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 1 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 8 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 4 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).

AMP: 200 ppm 5 minutes.

CEIL: 100 ppm

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

3-chloropropene

Ethyl chloride

1,2-dichloroethane

ethylene oxide

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

CEIL: 9 mg/m³ 10 minutes. CEIL: 5 ppm 10 minutes. TWA: 0.18 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 0.1 ppm 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Gas.

Color Not available. Odor : Not available. : Not available. **Odor threshold** : Not available.

: -169.15°C (-272.5°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: ethylene. **Melting point** 

Weighted average: -179.28°C (-290.7°F)

**Boiling point** : Not available.

**Critical temperature** : Lowest known value: -122.4°C (-188.3°F) (argon).

Flash point : Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Highest known value: 1.66 (Air = 1) (argon). Weighted average: 0.87 (Air = 1)

Gas Density (lb/ft 3) : Weighted average: 0.06

Relative density : Not applicable. **Solubility**  Not available. : Not available. Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not applicable. **Viscosity** Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

: The product is stable. **Chemical stability** 

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizers

**Hazardous decomposition** products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

**Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methyl Chloride	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8300 ppm	4 hours
3-chloropropene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	4323 ppm	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2066 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	450 mg/kg	-
1,2-dichloroethane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2646 ppm	1 hours
ethylene oxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	800 ppm	4 hours

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
3-chloropropene	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
1,2-dichloroethane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	63 mg 24 hours 500	-
athrida a a suida	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 625 mg	-
ethylene oxide	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	6 hours 18 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
ethylene	-	3	-
vinyl chloride	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
Methyl Chloride	-	3	-
3-chloropropene	-	3	-
Ethyl chloride	-	3	-
1,2-dichloroethane	_	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
ethylene oxide	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs	
ethylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects	
3-chloropropene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation	
1,2-dichloroethane	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation	
ethylene oxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation	

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2 Category 2	-	liver central nervous system (CNS)
3-chloropropene	Category 2	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to

the inhalation section.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache,

drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Not available.

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## **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methyl Chloride	Acute LC50 270000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
3-chloropropene	Acute LC50 19780 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1,2-dichloroethane	Acute EC50 189 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 155 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Instar	48 hours
	Acute LC50 110 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 115 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Pleuronectiformes	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 29000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Larvae	32 days
ethylene oxide	Acute LC50 490000 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 137000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 84000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp. Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylene	1.13	-	low
methane	1.09	-	low
Argon	0.74	-	low
vinyl chloride	1.38	-	low
Methyl Chloride	0.91	-	low
3-chloropropene	2.1	<5.6	low
Ethyl chloride	1.43	-	low
1,2-dichloroethane	1.45	2	low
ethylene oxide	-0.3	-	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

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## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N. O.S. (methane, ethylene)				
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

#### **Additional information**

**DOT Classification** 

: Reportable quantity 3992 lbs / 1812.4 kg. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

**TDG Classification** 

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).

**Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index** 0.125

ERAP Index 3000

Passenger Carrying Vessel Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 4(a) final test rules: 1,2-dichloroethane

TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 1,2-dichloroethane

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: vinyl chloride; chloromethane; chloroethane;

1,2-dichloroethane

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: 3-chloropropene; 1,2-dichloroethane

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: ethylene; methane

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 **Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

: Not listed

**Class II Substances** 

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## Section 15. Regulatory information

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

: Not listed

#### **SARA 302/304**

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
ethylene oxide	0.0001 - 0.05	Yes.	1000	-	10	-

**SARA 304 RQ** : 39920.2 lbs / 18123.8 kg

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance.

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	ethylene	74-85-1	1 - 99.999
Supplier notification	ethylene	74-85-1	1 - 99.999

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: ETHYLENE; ETHENE; METHANE; MARSH GAS;

**ARGON** 

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: ETHYLENE; ETHENE; METHANE; ARGON

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: ETHENE; METHANE; ARGON

#### California Prop. 65



MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylene oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Vinyl chloride, Chloroethane and Ethylene dichloride, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methyl chloride, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Vinyl chloride	Yes.	-
Methyl chloride	-	-
Chloroethane	Yes.	-
Ethylene dichloride	Yes.	-
Ethylene oxide	Yes.	Yes.

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

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## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : Not determined.

China : All components are listed or exempted.
Europe : All components are listed or exempted.
Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand: All components are listed or exempted.Philippines: All components are listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: All components are listed or exempted.Taiwan: All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : Not determined.

United States : Not determined.

**Viet Nam** : All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

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### Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	Calculation method On basis of test data Calculation method

#### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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